

CENTRAL WASHINGTON UNIVERSITY ANNUAL SECURITY AND FIRE SAFETY REPORT

STATISTICS FOR:

2023 • 2024 • 2025

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PREPARATION OF THE CENTRAL WASHINGTON UNIVERSITY ANNUAL SECURITY AND FIRE SAFETY REPORT

September 2026

This year's Annual Security and Fire Safety (ASR) report is the collaborative work of numerous members, departments, and agencies, both on and off campus. The information contained in this report is a compilation of their educational efforts, programs, statistics, and policies. This report reflects changes made through Congress that impact Clery regulations through the Department of Education for campuses and universities nationwide. The Violence Against Women Reauthorization Act ("VAWA"), imposes new obligations on colleges and universities. Those obligations are refined and clarified—and, to some extent, change existing legal requirements—and they require revisions of institutional policy and practice.

This is an annual report provided to the university's community. Every year, the Central Washington University Police Department sends an email notifying every enrolled student and current employee that the report is available to be viewed. For prospective students members of the community, the Annual Security and Fire Safety Report is available online at: cwu.edu/police CWU policy ([CWU 601-08](#)) identifies the Chief of Police as being responsible for compliance with the Clery Act.

All the statistics are gathered, compiled, and reported to the university community via this report, which is published by University Police and the Public Safety. University Police and Public Safety submit the annual crime statistics published in this brochure to the Department of Education (ED). The statistical information gathered by the Department of Education is available to the public through the ED website.

MESSAGE FROM THE PRESIDENT



One of the university's highest priorities is ensuring the health and safety of our students, employees, and visitors. With that in mind, Central works closely with the Ellensburg community to provide a secure teaching and learning environment that supports the university's academic mission.

We have several educational programs that help encourage positive, healthy behavior that promotes student success and well-being. For example, the Office of Wellness and Health Promotion provides education, awareness, and preventative resources to help students deal with stress and time management, substance abuse, body image, mental health, healthy relationships, and other related matters. The office also provides sexual assault prevention and response services.

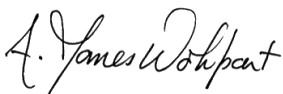
Additionally, the university has made providing a safe campus environment one of its top priorities. CWU's campus is well-lit, including high-intensity lighting near buildings, in parking lots, and along sidewalks and pathways. The CWU Courtesy Assistance Team (CAT) is available to escort students, faculty, staff, and visitors to destinations on campus at night. CAT employees are CWU students who are trained and supervised by University Police and Public Safety. At night, campus buildings are secured with card-activated locks that restrict access.

Off campus, Central Transit, a local bus system supported by student fees, offers a convenient and safe way for students to visit businesses and other areas of interest in the Ellensburg community.

In the event of an emergency, CWU can reach out to students and employees through a web-based system called RAVE! Alert. The program simultaneously alerts people using email, voice announcements, and text messages with immediate, customized emergency-response messages.

We are continually studying new and better methods that can help ensure the safety of our campus community, and we appreciate the support of our students, community partners, and the emergency responders who serve the state of Washington.

Sincerely,



Jim Wohlpart
CWU President

MESSAGE FROM THE CHIEF OF UNIVERSITY POLICE AND PUBLIC SAFETY



The safety of our campus community is the foremost concern of your Central Washington University police department. Our mission is to “work in partnership with our communities to create a safe and secure environment through education and enforcement.” Providing and encouraging our community to view this Annual Security and Fire Safety report is part of our collaborative effort towards reaching our mission. This report describes the university’s safety experience for 2023, 2024, and 2025. Not only does this report comply with federal law, but it also informs the campus community, stakeholders, and concerned citizens of important procedures, policies, prevention programs, and statistics.

Campus safety and security are a shared responsibility. The best protection against crime is an aware, informed, and alert community working in partnership with law enforcement. This report can help shape good safety habits by highlighting responsible and safe choices. University Police and Public Safety frequently offer a variety of safety programs for students, faculty, and staff. The Office of Wellness and Health Promotion, Housing and Residence Life, and many other university departments also provide education and training that enhance the safety and health of our community.

We hope you find this report informative and that your time at CWU is enjoyable and safe. If you have questions or would like further information, please contact us at 509-963-2959.

Sincerely,

Eric Twaites
CWU Chief of Police

QUICK REFERENCE RESOURCES

Emergency	9-1-1
KITTCOM Non-Emergency	509-925-8534

Police, Fire and Medical Business Numbers:

CWU Police	509-963-2959
Cle Elum Police	509-674-2991
Ellensburg Police	509-962-7280
Kittitas Police	509-968-0220
Kittitas County Corrections	509-962-7527
Kittitas County Sheriff's Office	509-962-7525
Kittitas Valley Fire and Rescue	509-933-7231
Kittitas Valley Hospital	509-962-9841

Other Ellensburg Community and National Resources:

Aspen Victim Advocacy Services	509-925-9384
Comprehensive Healthcare 24/7 Mental Health Crisis Line	509-925-4168
National Domestic Violence Hotline	800-799-SAFE (7233)
Washington Department of Social and Health Services (DSHS)	509-933-6100
Washington Recovery Help Line	866-789-1511
CWU Police	509-963-2959
National Suicide Hotline	509-925-9861 or 988-273-TALK
Care Net Pregnancy Center	509-925-2273
Women, Infants and Children (WIC) and First Steps	509-962-7077
Bright Beginnings (Head Start/ECEAP)	509-962-4200
Planned Parenthood Center	509-925-7113
Fish Food Bank	509-925-5990
Hope Source	509-925-1448

Central Washington University Departments:

Student Health Services	509-963-1881
Student Counseling Services	509-963-1391
Office of Health Promotion and PATH	509-963-3213
Housing and Residence Life	509-963-1831
Facilities and Maintenance	509-963-3000
Civil Rights Compliance & Title IX	509-963-2050
Vice President for Student Engagement and Success	509-963-1515
Office of Student Rights and Responsibilities	509-963-1817

JEANNE CLERY DISCLOSURE OF CAMPUS SECURITY POLICY AND CAMPUS CRIME STATISTICS ACT

The rape and murder of Jeanne Clery at Lehigh University in Pennsylvania motivated Congress to pass the Jeanne Clery Disclosure of Campus Security Policy and Campus Crime Statistics Act. Clery was a freshman at the university in April 1986, when she was attacked and killed in her residence hall. An investigation of the murder revealed that the university had failed to notify students of 38 violent crimes that had occurred on the Lehigh campus in the three years prior to Clery's murder.

In general, the Clery Act requires Central Washington University to collect, report, and disseminate crime and fire data. The act also requires the timely warning to the campus community of certain crimes, and notification of incidents that pose a threat to our community. Campus safety and security policies, student rights, responsibilities, and procedures, as well as programs and other safety information, are also included. For more information about the Jeanne Clery Disclosure of Campus Security Policy and Campus Crime Statistics Act, contact the University Police and Public Safety or visit www.clerycenter.org.

ABOUT CENTRAL WASHINGTON UNIVERSITY

The residential campus of Central Washington University sits on about 380 acres in Ellensburg, Washington, and is home to academic, recreational, and residential facilities. CWU is bordered by some private property, while the adjacent streets and sidewalks owned and maintained by the City of Ellensburg. The university does not have any officially recognized student organizations off-campus.

CWU operates satellite campuses, or university centers, at eight other locations in the state of Washington. Each branch campus is co-located with a community college campus: Highline Community College in Des Moines, Edmonds Community College in Lynnwood, Big Bend Community College in Moses Lake, Pierce College in Steilacoom, Wenatchee Valley College in Wenatchee, and Yakima Valley College in Yakima. The university also supports instructional sites at Joint Base Lewis-McChord and in Sammamish. Each of the satellite campuses operates using certain office space and classroom(s) within established structures. CWU does not own or manage residential housing at any satellite campus, but it does contract with the campus security and local law enforcement agencies for each branch campus. The policy statements contained in this report apply to all CWU campuses.

The Clery Act defines three general geographic categories; On-Campus, Public Property, and Non-Campus Facility. There is a subset to the "on-campus" category—known as a "Residential Facility"—which identifies crimes that occurred "on-campus," but specifically, within a CWU residential facility. The definition of each category may be found on page 19. A list of university-owned facilities, addresses, and a map are available at the CWU Facilities Department in the Jongeward Building, 205 East 11th Avenue, Ellensburg, Washington 98926.

CLERY COMPLIANCE COMMITTEE

The Clery Compliance Committee includes a team of representatives from various areas of campus working to oversee Central Washington University's compliance with the Jeanne Clery Disclosure of Campus Security and Campus Crime Statistics. The committee meets monthly. Complying with applicable laws, regulations and policies is a shared responsibility of each member of the university community.

Membership of the Clery Compliance Committee includes the following departments:

Athletics	Human Resources
Civil Rights Compliance & Title IX	University Police and Public Safety
Facilities Management	Student Rights & Responsibilities
Housing and Residence Life	Wellness and Health Promotion

LAW ENFORCEMENT AUTHORITY (MAIN CAMPUS)

The University Police and Public Safety is located at the Public Safety Building in the O5 parking lot. University Police and Public Safety is a full-service law enforcement agency serving the CWU Ellensburg campus. The department operates 24 hours per day, seven days a week. The department employs sworn police officers who are commissioned and certified by the state of Washington and have complete arrest and investigative authority on campus, as well as off campus. [CWU 601-08](#). The University Police and Public Safety officers have the authority to enforce state, local, and federal laws, and university policies.

The University Police and Public Safety officers have jurisdiction to operate on CWU-owned or -controlled property. University Police and Public Safety officers are general authority police officers. In addition to any other powers vested by law, a general authority Washington peace officer who possesses a certificate of basic law enforcement training or a certificate of equivalency, or has been exempted from the requirement therefor by the Washington state criminal justice training commission, may enforce the state's traffic or criminal laws throughout the territorial bounds of this state, under the following enumerated circumstances:

Upon the prior written consent of the sheriff or chief of police, in their primary territorial jurisdiction, the exercise of the powers occurs:

- In response to an emergency involving an immediate threat to human life or property;
- In response to a request for assistance pursuant to a mutual law enforcement assistance agreement with the agency of primary territorial jurisdiction or in response to the request of a peace officer with enforcement authority;
- When the officer is transporting a prisoner;
- When the officer is executing an arrest warrant or search warrant; or
- When the officer is in fresh pursuit, as defined in [RCW 10.93.120](#).

For more information, visit waspc.org/police-officers-powers-act.

The University Police and Public Safety is part of the Kittitas County 9-1-1 system, which is operated by KITTCOM. KITTCOM receives and dispatches law enforcement, fire, and medical services for Central Washington University.

The department works closely with regional law enforcement agencies, including the Ellensburg Police Department, Kittitas County Sheriff's Office, Kittitas Police Department, and the Cle Elum-Roslyn-South Cle Elum Police Department. University Police and Public Safety has a written mutual aid agreement with these agencies so that each may quickly receive or share resources and personnel in responding to and/or investigating offenses. A similar written agreement has been made with the police departments representing Central Washington University, Eastern Washington University, The Evergreen State College, University of Washington, Western Washington University, and Washington State University. University Police and Public Safety also works closely with the Washington State Patrol, Washington State Liquor and Cannabis Board, Kittitas County Prosecuting Attorney's Office, and other law enforcement and service agencies.

CWU MAIN CAMPUS ELLENSBURG CONTACT INFORMATION

Campus Police509-963-2959
KITTCOM Non-Emergency Dispatch509-925-8534

BRANCH CAMPUS SECURITY AND LAW ENFORCEMENT CONTACT INFORMATION

CWU-Des Moines

Campus Security206-592-3218
or 206-669-6884
Des Moines Police Non-Emergency Dispatch253-852-2121

CWU-Joint Base Lewis-McChord (JBLM)

Non-Emergency Dispatch253-967-3107

CWU-Lynnwood

Campus Security425-640-1501
or 425-754-0154
Lynnwood Police Non-Emergency Dispatch425-775-4545

CWU-Moses Lake

Campus Security509-793-2286
Grant County Sheriff Non-Emergency Dispatch509-762-1160

CWU-Pierce County

Campus Security253-964-6751
Lakewood Police Non-Emergency Dispatch253-798-4721

CWU-Sammamish

King County Sheriff Non-Emergency Dispatch206-296-3311

CWU-Wenatchee

Campus Security509-682-6911
or 509-423-3705
Wenatchee Police Non-Emergency Dispatch509-663-9911

CWU-Yakima

Campus Security509-574-4610
Yakima Police Non-Emergency Dispatch509-575-6200

STUDENT CONDUCT AND LAW ENFORCEMENT REPORTS

CWU students are expected to adhere to the Student Conduct Code whether they're on or off campus. CWU's Office of Student Rights and Responsibilities and Housing and Residence Life Community Standards addresses behavior that violates the code. Housing and Residence Life responds to incidents within the residential setting and may meet with students for cases that would not result in student status sanction. Local law enforcement and others send referrals and reports to the Office of Student Rights and Responsibilities for review and action when appropriate. The Office of Student Rights and Responsibilities assigns reports to conduct hearing officers who review reports for potential conduct violations and determine appropriate outcomes, which may include suspension or expulsion. Disciplinary complaints may be filed directly with the Office of Student Rights and Responsibilities, located at 901 N Chestnut Street, Bouillon Hall, Room 205. The office phone number is 509-963-1817 and the email is Student.Conduct@cwu.edu. Complaints can also be submitted by campus community members through the Concern and Support report form found on MyCWU or cwu.edu/student-rights.

PHYSICAL SECURITY AND ACCESS OF CAMPUS FACILITIES

The main CWU campus is part of the city of Ellensburg and is an open campus. The academic and administrative buildings are typically accessible to the public, at a minimum, during normal business hours, except for some restricted or high security areas. Some areas or buildings have varied levels of access and may require key or card access even during business hours. Most facilities have individual hours, which may vary at different times of the year. After business hours, access is made through previously scheduled use or by those who have the necessary key or card access. For information about the access protocol for a specific building, contact Facilities at 509-963-3000. For information about the scheduling of space, contact the scheduling office at 509-963-1321.

The Ellensburg campus has over 4,200 residential spaces within 21 residence halls and five apartment complexes. Each residence hall and apartment complex are staffed with live-in or on-call housing personnel, including resident assistants (RAs), apartment managers (AMs), and senior resident assistants (SRAs). These individuals are trained to report crime, concerning behavior, conduct, and/or policy violations.

The CWU president and/or his designee(s) has explicit authority in all issues and incidents related to campus safety and security. The Dean of Students Success has authority to take disciplinary action, restrict access to university facilities or personnel, and issue notices of trespass. [CWU 601-08](#).

All outside doors to residence halls are locked 24 hours a day, seven days per week. Residence halls and apartments are accessed by means of a key-in-lock system or access cards that are maintained by the university Facilities Management Division. Each residence hall requires guests to be escorted by a hall resident at all times. Residents wishing to have overnight guests must first clear their stay with roommates, and guests are not allowed to stay in the residence halls for more than two nights. During low-occupancy periods, such as summer terms, students living on campus are moved into a single area of the residence halls to enhance security effectiveness.

The integrity of housing and facilities security is continuously, and carefully, scrutinized. Repairs are made promptly, locks quickly replaced when keys are reported lost or stolen, and reports of potential safety hazards, such as broken windows, receive a high priority response—maintenance personnel are available anytime day or night.

Access to individual housing units by university maintenance personnel is on an as-needed basis and employees wear photo identification for immediate recognition. Repairs may be reported at 509-963-3000, 24 hours per day.

Police officers routinely patrol all areas of campus (including residence halls) in cars, on foot, and on bicycles.

SECURITY CONSIDERATIONS USED IN MAINTENANCE OF CAMPUS FACILITIES

CWU has improved lighting near buildings, paths, malls, residences, and parking lots. Police officers routinely patrol all areas of campus in cars, on foot, and on bicycles. Safety and crime prevention concerns such as poor or broken lighting, overgrown shrubs, or other risks are reported for priority repair. To be actively involved in the prevention of potential crime, please report broken lights or other potential safety concerns to the University Police at 509-963-2959 or to Facilities Management at 509-963-3000.

Outdoor emergency telephones are located at the entrances to each residence hall and blue light emergency phones are located throughout campus. The University Police and Public Safety offers free bicycle registration. You can submit a form with the make/model, serial number, and other details of your bicycle that could help identify your bicycle should it ever be lost or stolen. We also offer engravers so that valuables and other property may be marked. University Police and Public Safety offers an inventory form where you can catalog your valuables and property. This information is useful if your property becomes lost or stolen.

CWU partners with the City of Ellensburg and Washington State Department of Transportation to provide a free bus transit service, Central Transit, which has several stops on campus and various locations in the city of Ellensburg and other points of interest. There is also a convenient bus transit between CWU and the city of Yakima.

REPORTING CRIMES AND FIRES, AND REQUESTING ASSISTANCE

CWU is committed to an environment where all students, faculty, staff, and visitors are encouraged to report crimes and suspicious behavior promptly and accurately to the University Police and Public Safety. Reports of crimes and emergencies can be made directly to KITTCOM, the consolidated dispatch center for emergency services within Kittitas County, who will notify police, fire and medical for all of CWU. In an emergency this can be done by calling 9-1-1, utilizing a blue light or emergency phone, or activating a fire alarm (when appropriate). For non-emergencies, please call 509-925-8534 (available 24 hours a day) or call the University Police and Public Safety directly at 509-963-2959 during business hours (8 a.m. to 5 p.m., Monday through Friday).

We prefer that reports of crimes and other emergencies (such as medical and fire) be done directly through KITTCOM, as this is the quickest way for law enforcement to respond. University Police and Public Safety may also take reports over the telephone if it is more convenient for the caller. However, we realize that some may prefer to make a report to other individuals, such as any Campus Security Authority (CSAs) who will notify law enforcement.

Individuals wishing to report a crime for assessment for timely warning purposes, and for inclusion in the annual statistical data included in the Annual Security Report, should do so by notifying Civil Rights Compliance & Title IX Coordinator 509-963-2050, Dean of Students 509-963-1734, Athletics 509-963-2021, Student Club Advisors 509-963-1682, Housing 509-963-1831 and/or University Police and Public Safety, by phone at 509-963-2959 or in person at the Public Safety Building at 1211 N Wildcat Way, or by contacting KITTCOM dispatch at 509-925-8534.

Students and employees can also share information and concerns by utilizing the Concern and Support form found on the Vice President of Student Engagement and Success Office homepage (cwu.edu/student-success) or via the MyCWU homepage. This reporting form is not intended for emergency reporting as it is not monitored 24 hours per day. The form states this and directs individuals to contact 9-1-1 in an emergency. Once submitted, this form is sent to members in the Vice President of Student Engagement and Success Office, who will review the submission and take the necessary action.

RESPONSE TO A REPORT

Police officers will investigate all calls dispatched or received by them and respond as appropriate. If the crime or incident occurred off campus, KITTCOM and/or the officer will identify and coordinate with the agency that has jurisdiction over the incident.

Dispatchers are available at these respective telephone numbers, 9-1-1 or 509-925-8534, 24 hours a day to answer your calls. In response to a call, University Police and Public Safety will take the required action, either dispatching an officer or asking the victim to report to University Police and Public Safety to file an incident report. All reported crimes will be investigated by the university and may become a matter of public record. All University Police and Public Safety incident reports are forwarded to the Vice President of Student Engagement and/or Success and Housing and Residence Life for review and referral to the Office of Student Rights and Responsibilities for potential action, as appropriate. University Police and Public Safety Investigators will investigate a report when it is deemed appropriate. Additional information obtained via the investigation will also be forwarded to the Office of Student Rights and Responsibilities. If assistance is required from Ellensburg Police, Kittitas County Sheriff, Kittitas Police, Washington State Patrol or Kittitas Valley Fire and Rescue, University Police and Public Safety will contact the appropriate agency. If a sexual assault or rape should occur, staff on the scene, including University Police and Public Safety Department, will offer the victim a wide variety of services.

CONFIDENTIAL REPORTING AND PRIVACY

The Revised Code of Washington ([RCW 5.60.060](#)) identifies individuals acting in certain roles, who are exempt from disclosing certain information. This is confidentiality that each CWU official understands while acting in their professional roles. Information that is sensitive will be kept as private as possible and will only be shared with others when necessary.

When individuals share confidential information with CWU officials—such as medical professionals, pastoral, or certified counselors, or campus sexual assault advocates—the confidentiality of such information will be maintained to the extent permitted by applicable law and standards of professional practice. In some cases, this information may be de-identified for individual confidentiality but provide facts and statistics necessary for CWU to comply with rules and laws such as the Clery Act. If you would like to get in contact with Student Health Services, call 509-963-1881. Student Counseling Services can be reached at 509-963-1391 and PATH in the Office of Health Promotion (sexual assault and domestic violence advocacy) can be reached at 509-963-3213 or PATH@cwu.edu.

CWU may, in some circumstances, need to disclose information to the extent necessary to protect the complainant or other persons from harm. In those circumstances, every effort will be made to protect the complainant's identity and to share only as much information as specific campus officials need to know to maintain the safety and security of the campus community and to protect the complainant from harm.

Incidents such as sexual harassment, sexual assault, and violence may require that the person (if an employee) who receives the information file a report with the office of Civil Rights Compliance & Title IX. Professionals within the Office of Health Promotion, Student Health Services, and Student Counseling Services will not convey any information disclosed in the context of providing services except in very rare circumstances.

If you are the victim of a crime and do not want to pursue action within the university system or the criminal justice system, you may still want to consider making a confidential report. With your permission, a University Police and Public Safety officer can file a report about the details of the incident without revealing your identity (except to the Civil Rights Compliance & Title IX Coordinator in the event of a reported sex offense or sexual harassment). The purpose of a confidential report is to comply with your wish to keep the matter confidential, while taking steps to enhance the future safety of yourself and others. With such information, the University Police and Public Safety can keep an accurate record of the number of incidents involving students, employees, and visitors; determine where there is a pattern of crime regarding a particular location, method, or assailant; and alert the campus community to potential danger. Reports filed in this manner are counted and disclosed in the annual crime statistics for the institution.

Advocates support clients who have been the victim of a crime and wish to file a report with the police. Counselors provide information on how victims can make voluntary and confidential reports. Counselors, with the victim's permission, can help coordinate a report being made to law enforcement. Counselors may need to report circumstances in which clients pose a risk to themselves or others, or if they are under 18 years old and are the victim of certain crimes. Unless otherwise required by law, counselors will not report acts in any way that identifies the individual without the individual's prior consent. This statistical data is included in this report.

If a complainant is anonymous or requests that his or her name not be revealed or asks that CWU not investigate or begin the disciplinary process, CWU will be limited in its ability to fully respond to the incident. However, with such information, the university can keep an accurate record of the number of incidents involving students, employees, and visitors. The university can also determine if there is a pattern of crime regarding a particular location, method, or assailant, and alert the campus community to potential danger. Reports filed in this manner are counted and disclosed in the annual crime statistics for the University.

CWU CAMPUS SECURITY AUTHORITIES

Campus Security Authorities (CSAs) are defined according to the Handbook for Campus Safety and Security Reporting as “Campus Security Authority.” This is a Clery Act-specific term that encompasses four groups of individuals and organizations associated with an institution:

- A campus police department or a campus security department of an institution.
- Any individual or organization specified in an institution’s statement of campus security policy as an individual or organization to which students and employees should report criminal offenses.
- An official of an institution who has significant responsibility for student and campus activities, including, but not limited to, student housing, student discipline and campus judicial proceedings.”
- Any individual or individuals who have responsibility for campus security but who do not constitute a campus police department or a campus security department (e.g., an individual who is responsible for monitoring the entrance into institutional property). University Police and Public Safety identifies individuals who meet this requirement, and they are notified of their role.

CSAs will now be trained through an online training program through CWU Skillport. CSAs report crimes to University Police and Public Safety by direct contact, email, phone, or submitting a CSA report to University Police and Public Safety.

Campus Security Authorities (CSAs) report allegations of crimes (attempted or completed) that are made in good faith. CSAs are responsible for reporting allegations of Clery Act crimes to law enforcement when brought to their attention. CSAs must not further investigate on their own after reporting to law enforcement. Incidents can be reported to CSAs by anyone: a third party, witness, or victim.”

Identified Campus Security Authorities include, but are not limited to:

University Police and Public Safety	509-963-2959
Civil Rights Compliance &Title IX Coordinator	509-963-2050
Office of the Vice President for Student Engagement and Success	509-963-1515
Athletics staff and coaches	509-963-2021
Student club advisors.....	509-963-1682
Housing and Residence Life staff	509-963-1831

To submit a report as a CSA or for more information about CSAs, use the [Campus Authority Crime Report form](#).



CRIME STATISTICS

University Police and Public Safety is responsible for collecting and reporting the annual crime statistics. University Police and Public Safety collects its own statistics and includes supplemental data from campus security authorities, Office of Student Rights and Responsibilities, Housing and Residence Life, Civil Rights Compliance and Title IX, and the Office of Wellness and Health Promotion and sources off campus. Crime(s) and crime data reported by Campus Security Authorities (CSA) in their reporting roles is included. The Ellensburg Police Department and Kittitas County Sheriff report crime statistics from the required geographical areas to University Police and Public Safety, which are also included. CWU Housing and the Vice President of Student Engagement and Success provide statistics and work with University Police and Public Safety to report crime, offenses, and other student conduct referrals as required.

CLERY CRIME DEFINITIONS

Murder/Non-Negligent Manslaughter: The willful (non-negligent) killing of one human being by another.

NOTE: Deaths caused by negligence, attempts to kill, assaults to kill, suicides, accidental deaths, and justifiable homicides are excluded.

Manslaughter by Negligence: The killing of another person through gross negligence.

Robbery: The taking or attempting to take anything from value of the care, custody or control of a person or persons by force or threat of force or violence and/or by putting the victim in fear.

Aggravated Assault: An unlawful attack by one person upon another for the purpose of inflicting severe or aggravated bodily injury. This type of assault usually is accompanied by the use of a weapon or by means likely to produce death or great bodily harm.

Burglary: The unlawful entry of a structure to commit a felony or a theft.

Motor Vehicle Theft: The theft or attempted theft of a motor vehicle.

Arson: The willful or malicious burning or attempt to burn, with or without intent to defraud, a dwelling house, public building, motor vehicle or aircraft, or personal property of another.

Domestic Violence: The term “domestic violence” includes felony or misdemeanor crimes of violence committed:

- By a current or former spouse or intimate partner of the victim;
- By a person with whom the victim shares a child in common;
- By a person who is cohabiting with, or has cohabited with, the victim as a spouse or intimate partner;
- By a person similarly situated to a spouse of the victim under the domestic or family violence laws of the jurisdiction in which the crime of violence occurred, or by any other person against an adult or youth victim who is protected from that person’s acts under the domestic or family violence laws of the jurisdiction in which the crime of violence occurred.

Dating Violence: The term “dating violence” means violence committed:

By a person who is or has been in a social relationship of a romantic or intimate nature with the victim. The existence of such a relationship shall be determined based on the reporting party’s statement and with consideration of the length of the relationship, the type of relationship, and the frequency of interaction between the persons involved in the relationship. For the purposes of this definition:

- Dating violence includes, but is not limited to, sexual or physical abuse or the threat of such abuse.
- Dating violence does not include acts covered under the definition of domestic violence.

Stalking: The term “stalking” means engaging in a course of conduct directed at a specific person that would cause a reasonable person to: (a) fear for the person’s safety or the safety of others; or (b) suffer substantial emotional distress.

Weapon Law Violations: The violation of laws or ordinances prohibiting the manufacture, sale, purchase, transportation, possession, concealment, or use of firearms, cutting instruments, explosives, incendiary devices, or other deadly weapons. This classification encompasses weapons offenses that are regulatory in nature, including: manufacture, sale, or possession of deadly weapons; carrying deadly weapons, concealed or openly; using, manufacturing, etc., of silencers; furnishing deadly weapons to minors; aliens possessing deadly weapons; and attempts to commit any of the above.

Drug Abuse Violations: The violation of laws prohibiting the production, distribution and/or use of certain controlled substances and the equipment or devices utilized in their preparation and/or use. The unlawful cultivation, manufacture, distribution, sale, purchase, use, possession, transportation, or importation of any controlled drug or narcotic substance. Arrests for violations of state and local laws, specifically those relating to the unlawful possession, sale, use, growing, manufacturing, and production of narcotic drugs. The relevant substances include opium or cocaine and their derivatives (morphine, heroin, codeine); marijuana; synthetic narcotics—manufactured narcotics, which can cause true addiction (Demerol, Methadone); and dangerous nonnarcotic drugs (barbiturates, Benzedrine).

Liquor Law Violations: The violation of state or local laws or ordinances prohibiting the manufacture, sale, purchase, transportation, possession, or use of alcoholic beverages, not including driving under the influence and drunkenness. Included in this classification are the manufacture, sale, transporting, furnishing, possessing, etc., of intoxicating liquor; maintaining unlawful drinking places; bootlegging; operating still; furnishing liquor to a minor or intemperate person; underage possession; using a vehicle for illegal transportation of liquor; drinking on train or public conveyance; and attempts to commit any of the above.

SEX ASSAULT OFFENSES

Any sexual act directed against another person, without consent of the victim, including instances where the victim is incapable of giving consent.

Rape: Is the penetration, no matter how slight, of the vagina or anus, with any body part or object, or oral penetration by a sex organ of another person, without consent of the victim.

Fondling: The touching of the private body parts of another person for the purpose of sexual gratification, forcibly and/or against that person's will; or not forcibly or against the person's will, where the victim is incapable of giving consent because of his/her youth or because of his/her temporary or permanent mental incapacity.

Incest: Non-forcible sexual intercourse between persons who are related to each other within the degrees wherein marriage is prohibited by law.

Statutory Rape: Non-forcible sexual intercourse with a person who is under the statutory age of consent.

HATE CRIMES

Central Washington University is required to report hate (bias) related crimes and the classification of crime involved. These include incidents for the above defined crimes as well as four additional crime classifications. Hate crimes reported for the following classifications will be included in this report: murder/non-negligent manslaughter, manslaughter by negligence, sex offenses, robbery, aggravated assault, burglary, motor vehicle theft, arson (see definitions above) and larceny, destruction/damage/vandalism of property, intimidation, and simple assault (see definitions below).

A hate crime is defined as a criminal offense that manifests evidence that the victim was intentionally selected because of the perpetrator's bias against the victim. For the purposes of Clery, the categories of bias include the victim's actual or perceived race, religion, gender, gender identity, sexual orientation, ethnicity, national origin, and disability.

Larceny (theft): The unlawful taking, carrying, leading, or riding away of property from the possession or constructive possession of another. Constructive possession is the condition in which a person does not have physical custody or possession but is in a position to exercise dominion or control over a thing.

Destruction/Damage/Vandalism: To willfully or maliciously destroy, damage, deface, or otherwise injure real or personal property without the consent of the owner or the person having custody or control of it.

Intimidation: To unlawfully place another person in reasonable fear of bodily harm through the use of threatening words and/or other conduct, but without displaying a weapon or subjecting the victim to actual physical attack.

Simple Assault: An unlawful physical attack by one person upon another where neither the offender displays a weapon, nor the victim suffers obvious severe or aggravated bodily injury involving apparent broken bones, loss of teeth, possible internal injury, severe laceration, or loss of consciousness.

CLERY GEOGRAPHY DEFINITIONS

On-Campus, defined as: Any building or property owned or controlled by an institution within the same reasonably contiguous geographic area and used by the institution in direct support of, or in a manner related to, the institution's educational purposes, including residence halls; and

Any building or property that is within or reasonably contiguous to paragraph (1) of this definition, that is owned by the institution but controlled by another person, is frequently used by students, and supports institutional purposes (such as a food or other retail vendor).

On-Campus Residential Housing Facility defined as: Any student housing facility that is owned or controlled by the institution or is located on property that is owned or controlled by the institution and is within the reasonably contiguous geographic area that makes up the campus is considered an on-campus student housing facility.

Public Property, defined as: All public property, including thoroughfares, streets, sidewalks, and parking facilities, that is within the campus, or immediately adjacent to and accessible from the campus.

NOTE: CWU-owned parking lots are defined as "on-campus" and not "public property." Public property includes incidents in areas such as property, streets, and sidewalks that immediately border CWU.

Non-Campus, defined as: Any building or property owned or controlled by a student organization that is officially recognized by the institution; or any building or property owned or controlled by an institution that is used in direct support of, or in relation to, the institution's educational purposes, is frequently used by students, and is not within the same reasonably contiguous geographic area of the institution.

This will include the Dining Services warehouse and the vacant property on Airport and Helena streets.

HAZING

Federal Clery Act Definition (For Statistical Tracking)

For the purposes of compiling the campus crime statistics featured in this Annual Security Report, Central Washington University applies the federal definition of hazing mandated by the [Stop Campus Hazing Act](#). Federal law defines hazing as any intentional, knowing, or reckless act committed by a person (whether individually or in concert with others) against another person, **regardless of the willingness of that person to participate**, that

- Is committed in the course of an initiation into, an affiliation with, or the maintenance of membership in, a student organization; and
- Causes or creates a risk—above the reasonable risk encountered in the course of participation in the institution or organization (such as standard physical preparation for an athletic team)—of physical or psychological injury.

Prohibited conduct under this federal statistical definition includes, but is not limited to, whipping, beating, electronic shocking, sleep deprivation, forced confinement, forced consumption of food, liquid, alcohol, or drugs, and coerced sexual acts.

Washington State Law Definition (For Institutional Student Conduct)

In addition to tracking federal statistics, CWU enforces Washington State's anti-hazing standards. For disciplinary and code of conduct enforcement, **WAC 106-125-020** defines hazing as any initiation into a student organization, or any pastime or amusement engaged in with respect to such an organization, that causes or is likely to cause the destruction or removal of public or private property, or that causes or is likely to cause bodily danger, physical harm, or serious mental or emotional harm to any student or other person

Student Organization Definition for Clery Act Reporting:

For the purposes of compiling Clery Act crime statistics in this Annual Security Report, a "student organization" is defined in accordance with the [Stop Campus Hazing Act](#) as any group at Central Washington University—including but not limited to social clubs, societies, athletic teams (varsity, club, or intramural), fraternities, sororities, bands, or student government—comprising two or more enrolled students. In accordance with federal law, hazing statistics collected for this ASR encompass incidents involving these groups **regardless of whether the student organization is officially established or recognized by the university**.

Reporting Hazing Incidents

Pursuant to [RCW 28B.10.907](#), All CWU employees, including student employees and volunteers, are mandated to report any reasonable cause to believe that hazing has occurred. "Reasonable cause" means a person who witnesses hazing or receives a credible written or oral report alleging hazing or potential or planned hazing activity. A person who witnesses hazing or has reasonable cause to believe hazing has occurred or will occur and makes a report in good faith may not be sanctioned or punished for the violation of hazing unless the person is directly engaged in the planning, directing, or act of hazing reported. This requirement does not include confidential employees, unless the employee has a supervisory role or position of authority over students.

To report a hazing incident:

- Submit a [Concern and Support report](#) and select "Concern & Support for a Student" under the Report Type; or
- Submit a report directly to the Office of Student Rights and Responsibilities (OSRR) by emailing Student.Conduct@cwu.edu or calling 509-963-1817.

Institutional Hazing Investigation Framework

Once a hazing report is received via the Concern and Support form or directly by the Office of Student Rights and Responsibilities (OSRR), the university will promptly initiate a formal investigation.

- **Standard of Evidence:** In alignment with [Chapter 106-125 WAC](#), allegations against both individual students and student organizations are adjudicated using the **preponderance of the evidence** standard (determining whether the violation was more likely to have occurred than not).

- **Conduct Proceedings:** The investigation process guarantees due process for all involved parties. If a student organization or individual is found responsible for violating the University's anti-hazing policies, student conduct sanctions may include educational training, probation, suspension, or formal institutional removal.

Hazing Transparency Report

Central Washington University will maintain and publicly disclose records of hazing violations involving any student organization, athletic team, or residential living group. These reports will include violations of the Student Conduct Code, the University's anti-hazing policies, and applicable state or federal laws related to hazing, as well as offenses involving alcohol, drugs, sexual assault, or physical assault, in accordance with RCW 28B.10.906.

The report shall include the following:

- The name of the student organization, athletic team, or living group;
- The date the investigation was initiated;
- The date on which the investigation was ended with a finding that a violation occurred;
- A description of the incident or incidents, including the date of the initial violation, and the violations, findings, and sanctions placed on the student organization, athletic team, or living group;
- The details of the sanction or sanctions imposed, including the beginning and end dates of the sanction or sanctions; and
- The date the student organization, athletic team, or living group was charged with a violation.
- Any hazing violation of a student organization, athletic team, or living group should be made public for at least five years.

Investigations that do not result in a finding of formal violations of the student code of conduct or state or federal law shall not be included in the report.

Central Washington University's Transparency Report

Hazing Prevention, Awareness, and Education Programs

Central Washington University implements research-informed, campus-wide programming designed to reach all layers of the university community. These initiatives address primary prevention, bystander intervention, and institutional reporting options.

- **Education for Incoming Students:** Prior to arriving on campus, all incoming students are provided education on Hazing Awareness and Prevention through Canvas. This course serves as one of three core Compliance & Violence Prevention Education courses offered to build a safe campus culture.
- **Employee and Volunteer Training:** In accordance with CWU Policy 301-23, all Central employees, student employees, and volunteers are required to complete regular training covering their reporting mandates. This training prepares staff to recognize the physical or psychological indicators of hazing and ensures reports are forwarded rapidly to the OSRR.

CAMPUS CRIME STATISTICS

The following statistics conform to the reporting requirements in the Jeanne Clery Disclosure of Campus Security Policy and Campus Crime Statistics Act. CWU University Centers and instructional sites are located throughout Washington state at Des Moines, Joint Base Lewis-McChord (JBLM), Lynnwood, Moses Lake, Pierce County, Sammamish, Wenatchee, and Yakima.

Crime statistics in this report are compiled by the University Police, campus security authorities, Office of Student Rights and Responsibilities, Civil Rights Compliance and Title IX, Housing and Residence Life, and the Office of Wellness and Health Promotion and sources off campus.

ELLENSBURG CAMPUS

Type of Crime	Campus			On-Campus Residence			Public Property			Non-Campus Property		
	2023	2024	2025	2023	2024	2025	2023	2024	2025	2023	2024	2025
Murder/Non-Negligent Manslaughter	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Manslaughter by Negligence	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Sex Offense– Rape	4	7	9	4	7	4	0	0	0	0	0	0
Sex Offense– Incest	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Sex Offense– Fondling	1	3	3	1	3	2	0	0	0	0	0	0
Sex Offense– Statutory Rape	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Robbery	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Aggravated Assault	4	2	2	3	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
Burglary	13	3	6	6	2	5	0	0	0	0	0	0
Motor Vehicle Theft	3	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Domestic Violence	5	8	9	5	6	9	0	0	0	0	0	0
Dating Violence	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Stalking	7	12	10	2	6	5	0	0	0	0	0	0
Arson	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
Liquor Law Arrests	9	2	14	8	2	13	0	0	1	0	0	0
Drug Law Arrests	2	2	4	2	1	3	0	0	0	0	0	0
Weapon Law Arrests	1	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Liquor Violation Referrals	82	57	61	75	55	58	0	0	0	0	0	0
Drug Violation Referrals	28	11	17	20	11	13	0	0	0	0	0	0
Weapon Violation Referrals	3	1	3	2	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0



NOTES: Ellensburg Campus

- Campus designates the crime occurred on campus property; Campus Residence Halls designates the crime occurred on campus property and at a residence hall.
- **2023:** There were 0 unfounded crimes. Four campus/on-campus residence Destruction/Damage/Vandalism of Property incident characterized by race.
- **2024:** There were 0 unfounded crimes. Two on campus/on-campus residence Destruction/Damage/Vandalism of Property incident characterized by Race.
- **2025:** There were 0 unfounded crimes. Two on campus hate crimes, one of sexual orientation and one of race. Two on campus residence hate crimes, both of sexual orientation. One Destruction/Damage/Vandalism and three Harassment.

Hazing:

- **2025:** There was 1 incident of hazing on the CWU Ellensburg campus.

CWU CENTERS

CWU-Des Moines at Highline Community College

Type of Crime	Campus			On-Campus Residence			Public Property			Non-Campus Property		
	2023	2024	2025	2023	2024	2025	2023	2024	2025	2023	2024	2025
Murder/Non-Negligent Manslaughter	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Manslaughter by Negligence	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Sex Offense– Rape	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Sex Offense– Incest	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Sex Offense– Fondling	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Sex Offense– Statutory Rape	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Robbery	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Aggravated Assault	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Burglary	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Motor Vehicle Theft	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Domestic Violence	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Dating Violence	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Stalking	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Arson	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Liquor Law Arrests	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Drug Law Arrests	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Weapon Law Arrests	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Liquor Violation Referrals	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Drug Violation Referrals	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Weapon Violation Referrals	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0



NOTES: CWU-Des Moines

- There are no on-campus residences or non-campus properties.
- **2023-2025:** No hate crimes were reported for the CWU-Des Moines branch campus location.
- **2023-2025:** There were 0 unfounded crimes.

Hazing:

- **2025:** There were 0 incidents of hazing on the CWU Des Moines campus.

CWU-Joint Base Lewis-McChord (JBLM) at Stone Education Center

Type of Crime	Campus			On-Campus Residence			Public Property			Non-Campus Property		
	2023	2024	2025	2023	2024	2025	2023	2024	2025	2023	2024	2025
Murder/Non-Negligent Manslaughter	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Manslaughter by Negligence	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Sex Offense–Rape	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Sex Offense–Incest	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Sex Offense–Fondling	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Sex Offense–Statutory Rape	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Robbery	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Aggravated Assault	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Burglary	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Motor Vehicle Theft	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Domestic Violence	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Dating Violence	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Stalking	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Arson	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Liquor Law Arrests	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Drug Law Arrests	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Weapon Law Arrests	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Liquor Violation Referrals	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Drug Violation Referrals	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Weapon Violation Referrals	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0



NOTES: CWU-Joint Base Lewis McChord (JBLM)

- There are no on-campus residences or non-campus properties.
- **2023-2025:** No hate crimes were reported for the CWU-JBLM instructional site.
- **2023-2025:** There were 0 unfounded crimes.

Hazing:

- **2025:** There were 0 incidents of hazing on the CWU JBLM campus.

CWU-Lynnwood at Edmonds College

Type of Crime	Campus			On-Campus Residence			Public Property			Non-Campus Property		
	2023	2024	2025	2023	2024	2025	2023	2024	2025	2023	2024	2025
Murder/Non-Negligent Manslaughter	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Manslaughter by Negligence	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Sex Offense–Rape	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Sex Offense–Incest	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Sex Offense–Fondling	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Sex Offense–Statutory Rape	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Robbery	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Aggravated Assault	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Burglary	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Motor Vehicle Theft	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Domestic Violence	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Dating Violence	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Stalking	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Arson	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Liquor Law Arrests	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Drug Law Arrests	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Weapon Law Arrests	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Liquor Violation Referrals	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Drug Violation Referrals	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Weapon Violation Referrals	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0



NOTES: CWU-Lynnwood

- There are no on-campus residences or non-campus properties.
- **2023-2025:** No hate crimes were reported for the CWU-Lynnwood branch campus location.
- **2023-2025:** There were 0 unfounded crimes.

Hazing:

- **2025:** There were 0 incidents of hazing on the CWU Lynnwood campus.

CWU-Moses Lake at Big Bend Community College

Type of Crime	Campus			On-Campus Residence			Public Property			Non-Campus Property		
	2023	2024	2025	2023	2024	2025	2023	2024	2025	2023	2024	2025
Murder/Non-Negligent Manslaughter	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Manslaughter by Negligence	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Sex Offense–Rape	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Sex Offense–Incest	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Sex Offense–Fondling	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Sex Offense–Statutory Rape	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Robbery	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Aggravated Assault	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Burglary	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Motor Vehicle Theft	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Domestic Violence	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Dating Violence	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Stalking	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Arson	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Liquor Law Arrests	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Drug Law Arrests	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Weapon Law Arrests	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Liquor Violation Referrals	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Drug Violation Referrals	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Weapon Violation Referrals	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0



NOTES: CWU-Moses Lake

- There are no on-campus residences or non-campus properties.
- **2023-2025:** No hate crimes were reported for the CWU-Moses Lake branch campus location.
- **2023-2025:** There were 0 unfounded crimes.

Hazing:

- **2025:** There were 0 incidents of hazing on the CWU Moses Lake campus.

CWU-Pierce County at Pierce College in Steilacoom

Type of Crime	Campus			On-Campus Residence			Public Property			Non-Campus Property		
	2023	2024	2025	2023	2024	2025	2023	2024	2025	2023	2024	2025
Murder/Non-Negligent Manslaughter	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Manslaughter by Negligence	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Sex Offense–Rape	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Sex Offense–Incest	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Sex Offense–Fondling	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Sex Offense–Statutory Rape	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Robbery	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Aggravated Assault	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Burglary	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Motor Vehicle Theft	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Domestic Violence	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Dating Violence	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Stalking	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Arson	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Liquor Law Arrests	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Drug Law Arrests	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Weapon Law Arrests	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Liquor Violation Referrals	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Drug Violation Referrals	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Weapon Violation Referrals	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0



NOTES: CWU-Pierce County

- There are no on-campus residences or non-campus properties.
- **2023-2025:** No hate crimes were reported for the CWU-Pierce branch campus location.
- **2023-2025:** There were 0 unfounded crimes.

Hazing:

- **2025:** There were 0 incidents of hazing on the CWU Pierce campus.

CWU-Sammamish (Instructional Site)

Type of Crime	Campus			On-Campus Residence			Public Property			Non-Campus Property		
	2023	2024	2025	2023	2024	2025	2023	2024	2025	2023	2024	2025
Murder/Non-Negligent Manslaughter	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Manslaughter by Negligence	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Sex Offense–Rape	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Sex Offense–Incest	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Sex Offense–Fondling	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Sex Offense–Statutory Rape	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Robbery	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Aggravated Assault	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Burglary	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Motor Vehicle Theft	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Domestic Violence	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Dating Violence	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Stalking	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Arson	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Liquor Law Arrests	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Drug Law Arrests	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Weapon Law Arrests	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Liquor Violation Referrals	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Drug Violation Referrals	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Weapon Violation Referrals	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0



NOTES: CWU-Sammamish

- There are no on-campus residences or non-campus properties.
- **2023-2025:** No hate crimes were reported for the CWU-Sammamish institutional site location.
- **2023-2025:** There were 0 unfounded crimes.

Hazing:

- **2025:** There were 0 incidents of hazing on the CWU Sammamish campus.

CWU-Wenatchee at Wenatchee Valley College

Type of Crime	Campus			On-Campus Residence			Public Property			Non-Campus Property		
	2023	2024	2025	2023	2024	2025	2023	2024	2025	2023	2024	2025
Murder/Non-Negligent Manslaughter	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Manslaughter by Negligence	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Sex Offense– Rape	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Sex Offense– Incest	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Sex Offense– Fondling	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Sex Offense– Statutory Rape	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Robbery	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Aggravated Assault	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Burglary	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Motor Vehicle Theft	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Domestic Violence	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Dating Violence	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Stalking	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Arson	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Liquor Law Arrests	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Drug Law Arrests	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Weapon Law Arrests	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Liquor Violation Referrals	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Drug Violation Referrals	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Weapon Violation Referrals	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0



NOTES: CWU-Wenatchee

- There are no on-campus residences or non-campus properties.
- **2023-2025:** No hate crimes were reported for the CWU-Wenatchee branch campus location.
- **2023-2025:** There were 0 unfounded crimes.

Hazing:

- **2025:** There were 0 incidents of hazing on the CWU Wenatchee campus.

CWU-Yakima at Yakima Valley College

Type of Crime	Campus			On-Campus Residence			Public Property			Non-Campus Property		
	2023	2024	2025	2023	2024	2025	2023	2024	2025	2023	2024	2025
Murder/Non-Negligent Manslaughter	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Manslaughter by Negligence	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Sex Offense–Rape	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Sex Offense–Incest	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Sex Offense–Fondling	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Sex Offense–Statutory Rape	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Robbery	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Aggravated Assault	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Burglary	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Motor Vehicle Theft	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Domestic Violence	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Dating Violence	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Stalking	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Arson	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Liquor Law Arrests	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Drug Law Arrests	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Weapon Law Arrests	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Liquor Violation Referrals	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Drug Violation Referrals	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Weapon Violation Referrals	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0



NOTES: CWU-Yakima

- There are no on-campus residences or non-campus properties.
- **2023-2025:** No hate crimes were reported for the CWU-Yakima branch campus location.
- **2023-2025:** There were 0 unfounded crimes.

Hazing:

- **2025:** There were 0 incidents of hazing on the CWU Yakima campus.

CRIME AND FIRE LOGS

University Police and Public Safety maintains a daily crime log and daily fire log, which are available online and in the office. The daily crime log gives specific information about crimes and alleged crimes reported to the department or that officers respond to or become aware of. The crime log shows the date and time of the report, date and time of offense, description of offense, location, and the outcome of the report. The fire log shows the date reported and/or occurred, nature of the fire, and the location. [CWU 601-08](#).

The crime log for the most recent 60-day period is open to public inspection during normal business hours (8 a.m. to 5 p.m., Monday through Friday) at the Department of University Police and Public Safety, 1211 N Wildcat Way. Any portion of the log beyond 60 days, if not immediately available, will be made accessible within two business days. View the daily crime or daily fire log at <https://www.cwu.edu/about/offices/campus-safety/police/crime-logs.php>.

EMERGENCY NOTIFICATION

When any serious threat or disaster to the campus community occurs, University Police and Public Safety officers will respond and depending on the needs or magnitude of the incident, coordinate with other first responders, such as the Ellensburg Police Department, Kittitas County Sheriff's Office, Washington State Patrol, and Kittitas Valley Fire and Rescue. If you need to report an emergency, dial 9-1-1.

In an emergency, it is essential to swiftly provide information to the entire campus community. To that end, Central Washington University has implemented an Emergency Notification System with several components:

- RAVE Alert! sends emergency notifications via email, telephone (landline and cellular) and text messaging.
- RAVE Alert! sends a notification to all active CWU computers connected to the CWU local-area network.
- A screen "crawl" scrolls a notification across the main CWU web page on a continuous loop.
- Other possible messaging sources include handheld and vehicle equipped public address systems, CWU website(s), official CWU social media, and local media such as television and radio. If any these systems fail or the university deems it appropriate, in-person communication may be used to communicate an emergency.

All CWU faculty, staff, and students are automatically added to this system using their telephone and email addresses as they have been entered into the MyCWU database.

When responding officers determine there is an incident that is a severe or imminent threat to the campus community, they will notify the on-duty or on-call (after hours) administrator, which is either the Chief of Police, Assistant Chief, Lieutenant, or the Vice President of University Relations. The Public Safety staff is responsible for responding to reported emergencies and confirming the existence of an emergency, sometimes in conjunction with campus administrators, local first responders and/or the national weather center. Emergency notification and timely warning messages will be issued in a manner that does not convey identifying information of the complainant and/or victim.

The Chief of Police or designee are empowered and authorized to issue RAVE Alerts and/or notifications on behalf of CWU. The Emergency Notification System may be used to provide instructions, information, or even an evacuation order, to all or part of the CWU population. Without delay, notification will be immediately made when University Police and Public Safety personnel confirm that a significant emergency or dangerous situation threatens the health or safety of the campus community and members that occurs on campus. Notification can be made using pre-drafted notification statements or customized statements as needed.

The Chief of Police has various templates that are used so the process is not delayed. Before activating this system, the Chief of Police or designee will take into account the safety of the community, determine the content of the notification, segment of community to receive notification, and initiate the notification system unless issuing a notification will, in the professional judgment of responsible authorities, compromise efforts to assist a victim or to contain, respond to, or otherwise mitigate the emergency. University Police and Public Safety will, without delay and taking into account the safety of the community, determine the content of the notification and initiate the notification system, unless issuing a

notification will—in the judgment of the first responders (including, but not limited to: University Police and Public Safety, Ellensburg Police, Kittitas County Sheriff, Kittitas Police, Washington State Patrol and Kittitas Valley Fire and Rescue—compromise the efforts to assist a victim or to contain, respond to, or otherwise mitigate the emergency.

Because emergency incidents can evolve rapidly, additional messages with follow-up information will be sent using some or all the methods used to communicate emergency information. Incidents may require that agencies and departments both on and off campus assist in the response and recovery efforts. In these instances, the National Incident Management System and Incident Command Post would be established and additional notifications to the local community would be made at the direction of the incident commander and assigned public information officer.

The emergency notification system is tested on a quarterly basis to ensure that it is properly running. These tests may be announced or unannounced as determined by the Chief of Police. With approval of the Chief of Police, or designee, the system may be used on a limited basis for planned events such as closures, utility shutdowns, or other important safety notices when deemed necessary.

The departments involved in the delivery of messages or notifications will meet after the incident and conduct a debriefing. This process allows for open discussions relating to the specific incident, and how services, communication, and interaction can be improved.

EVACUATION, PREPARATION AND RESPONSE

In the case of an evacuation (other than residence hall fire alarms), the Student Union and Recreation Center (SURC) is the primary building for evacuees to begin reunification and receive services. Residential halls have predetermined evacuation locations specifically for fire alarms. If, while in your residence hall, you receive an emergency notification message, go to the SURC, or follow the instructions as outlined in the message. In the event the SURC is not available or viable, the incident commander will determine a safe location for reunification. This information will be communicated either directly or via the Emergency Notification System. This information will be shared during emergency notification testing. The SURC's public address system, generator, and other emergency systems are tested annually.

Officers of University Police and Public Safety receive annual training in the National Incident Management System (NIMS), the CWU Emergency Operations Plan, or other drills and activities. Many of these drills and tabletop exercises involve other first responders and medical providers. NIMS training has also been given to University Leadership on campus, so in the event of an emergency, there is a core group who can respond and establish an incident command post. If the event is not strictly a law enforcement issue, a joint operations center is established with agencies such as the fire department, medical aid, or facilities management.

Command staff of the Kittitas County Sheriff, Ellensburg Police Department, and Kittitas Valley Fire and Rescue receives the RAVE Alert! notification for rapid response and coordination during an emergency. The Ellensburg Police Department and Kittitas County Sheriff's Office notify University Police and Public Safety when there is a potential threat approaching campus so a determination can be made about whether to alert the campus community.

Campus Housing facilities practice fire and complete evacuation drills quarterly. Other buildings, such as the SURC, also have practice drills that the University Police and Public Safety, fire, and other first responders observe and participate in. CWU participates in the annual Great Washington Shake Out, which is an earthquake preparedness drill. On the set date/time, the RAVE Alert! System is activated and the message contains information about what to do during an earthquake and a reminder about evacuations and reunification locations.

Preparedness is vital to effectively manage an emergency or disaster. Everyone is responsible for their own security and the security of others. The University Police and Public Safety web page has guidelines that may help overcome specific situations. Visit ready.gov to become informed and better prepared.

TIMELY WARNINGS

Emergency notifications are triggered for any event involving a significant emergency or immediate threat to our campus community. In contrast, the timely warning notification may be issued when a specific crime occurs (referred to as Clery crimes) within the CWU Clery Geography (On-Campus, Public Property, and Non-Campus Property), and in the judgment of the University Police and Public Safety. Timely warnings are issued as soon as pertinent information is available, in a manner that withholds the names of victims as confidential, and in a manner that will aid in the prevention of similar crimes. Officers will notify the Sergeant, Lieutenant, Assistant Chief, or Chief of Police of such instances so a determination can be made if a timely warning is appropriate.

Timely warnings may be issued by using all, or portions of the RAVE Alert! System (telephone, email, text, computer messaging). Other means of issuing a timely warning include posting notices on the intranet, sending emails, telephone, or social media and local media. [CWU 601-08](#).

University Police and Public Safety, with assistance from other departments, will distribute timely warning announcements when there appears to be a threat to the safety and security of persons on campus for the following crimes:

- Aggravated assault
- Major incident of arson
- Burglary
- Manslaughter by negligence
- Motor vehicle theft
- Murder/non-negligent manslaughter
- Robbery
- Sexual offenses
- Domestic violence, dating violence, and stalking
- Violations of liquor law, drug law, or weapons possession law
- Any other crime in which the victim was chosen based on race, gender, gender identity, religion, disability, sexual orientation, ethnicity, or national origin.

Timely warning notices may also be posted for other crime classifications and locations, even though that is not required by the law, at the sole discretion of CWU.

Timely warning notices are typically written and distributed by University Police and Public Safety, University Relations, or designee.

Decisions concerning whether to issue a timely warning will be made on a case-by-case basis using the following criteria:

- Nature of the crime
- Continuing danger to the campus community
- Possible risk of compromising law enforcement efforts

University Police and Public Safety share dispatch services with local police agencies. This partnership allows for cooperative information sharing when a crime occurs near or bordering campus, which may warrant a timely warning. The institution is not required to issue a timely warning with respect to crimes reported to a pastoral or professional counselor.

Anyone with information warranting a timely warning should report the circumstances to the University Police and Public Safety office, by phone at 509-963-2959 or in person at the Public Safety Building located at 1211 N Wildcat Way, or by calling KITTCOM dispatch at 509-925-8534.



CRIME PREVENTION AND SECURITY AWARENESS PROGRAMS

CWU understands the importance of providing prevention education and assistance. Student Health Services, Student Counseling Services, Diversity and Equity Center (DEC), Office of Wellness and Health Promotion, Housing and Residence Life, Vice President for Student Engagement and Success, Athletics, University Police and Public Safety and other departments present and/or sponsor programs throughout the year in classes, residence halls, in person, online and other public forums. For more information call the Office of Wellness and Health Promotion at 509-963-3213 or University Police and Public Safety at 509-963-2959.

Programs offered by University Police and Public Safety

University Police and Public Safety works closely with Housing and Residence Life. Each year, officers meet with their staff and assist in the training of students, staff, including resident assistants and apartment managers. University Police and Public Safety participate in events such as Discover Orientation when parents and students visit CWU. University Police and Public Safety operates an information booth, answers questions, and provides general police and safety information during Discover Orientation. In addition, officers participate in 6-8 panel discussions where they answer questions from parents about the department, crime, emergency notification, and a variety of other topics. [CWU 601-08](#).

Through their partnership with Housing and Residence Life, University Police and Public Safety also gives a lengthy safety presentation titled “emergency preparedness” to the first-year students during the fall opening weekend (when students move into the residence halls before classes start). This presentation is attended by approximately 1,500 students and includes information about crime prevention, crime statistics, emergency notifications, personal safety, domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assaults and stalking prevention, substance abuse, vehicle safety, and active shooter response.

The emergency preparedness program is offered over a dozen times throughout the year and is open to all students, faculty, and staff. This program is taught by the Chief of Police and/or Police Lieutenant, Assistant Chief and/or Sergeants and covers areas such as: crime prevention, general safety, workplace violence, domestic violence, crime statistics, Clery overview such as CSAs and other requirements, available resources, and an overview of key policies such as harassment, violence, substances, and others. Faculty and staff are required as part of their continuing education to attend this program every two years. During the first two months of fall quarter, University Police and Public Safety conducts presentations in each residential hall. The presentations include topics such as:

- Bicycle safety
- Crime prevention
- Personal safety—active shooter, dating violence, domestic violence, stalking
- Substance use and abuse
- Vehicle safety and winter driving

During the 2025-2026 academic year, University Police and Public Safety offered approximately 11 crime prevention and security awareness programs with over 800 attendees throughout the year. Topics such as personal safety, residence hall security, drug and alcohol abuse awareness, and sexual assault prevention are some examples of programs offered during the prior academic year. All crime prevention and security awareness programs encourage students and employees to be responsible for their own security and the security of others.

One popular presentation, called “Coffee with a Cop,” is a social time for students and officers to meet and get to know one another. This gives students a great opportunity to interact and ask their police officers questions they may not feel comfortable asking in a large group or presentation.

University Police and Public Safety offer numerous additional prevention programs for students, faculty, and staff throughout the year. University Police and Public Safety takes every opportunity to educate members of the university in all aspects of crime prevention, personal safety, and potential law violations. The Public Presentation Program utilizes presentations to provide the CWU community with a variety of information. Presentations are held throughout the campus during the year in residence halls, academic buildings, and business offices.

When requested to do office space assessments, we will walk through offices and buildings and provide feedback on crime prevention tips and strategies. We also attend department meetings to discuss office safety, workplace violence and offer tips and guidance on how to deal with difficult and hostile persons. To request a public presentation or to have our officers conduct a safety assessment, please call us at 509-963-2959. If there are any other programs you may be interested in, please let University Police and Public Safety know.

The department has numerous officers trained and certified to instruct Rape Aggression Defense (RAD) for women and men. The internationally recognized self-defense, risk reduction program, is offered several times a year including a quarterly class specifically for the Department of Physical Education that is available to students and employees and can be taken for college credit. We have partnered with CWU Human Resources to offer RAD at times where employees can attend while “working.” For more information, go to cwu.edu/police or call 509-963-2959.

The department routinely works with the student newspaper and radio station, as well as other media, to provide safety tips and timely warnings of criminal activity.



OTHER PREVENTION AND AWARENESS PROGRAMS

The Office of Health Promotion offers prevention programming along with individual and group services for: alcohol, cannabis, and other drugs; interpersonal violence (including sexual assault response); positive mental health and suicide prevention and other health and wellness topics throughout the year.

Some of these programs are:

- **Alcohol and Cannabis e-CheckupToGo**—An interactive web survey that allows CWU students to enter information about their drinking and/or cannabis patterns and receive feedback about their use of alcohol and/or cannabis. The assessment takes about 6-7 minutes to complete, is self-guided, and requires no face-to-face contact time with a counselor or administrator.
- **Welcome Weekend Presentations (Your Wellbeing Toolkit)**—Consent, bystander intervention, and alcohol and other drugs presentation as it pertains to higher education.
- **Recovery Support Screening**—A documentary regarding substance use disorders and treatment and an introduction to the CWU Recovery Outreach Community.
- **Awareness Month Programming**—Posters, tabling, movie showings, and other programming to raise awareness during Domestic Violence Awareness Month (October), Mental Health Awareness Month (October), Stalking Awareness Month (January), and Sexual Assault Awareness Month (April).

- **Sex and Relationships Education Workshop**—A workshop where students learn about topics including healthy sex, consent, healthy relationships, interpersonal violence, oppression, advocacy, prevention, and activism through lecture, discussion, and interactive activities.
- **Show Up, Speak Out**—An opportunity for students to share their story in a safe environment, and engage in a march against rape culture.
- **Step Up** —An evidence-based bystander intervention program, where students, are taught they have the ability to intervene in problematic situations and help another person out.

The Office of Health Promotion has trained instructors for bystander intervention and violence reduction programs. For more information about the Office of Health Promotion and programs offered, please visit <https://www.cwu.edu/student-life/health-wellness-services/wellness/index.php> or reach out by emailing healthpromotion@cwu.edu.

HOW TO BE AN ACTIVE UPSTANDER

Bystanders who choose to engage to prevent or interrupt violence or unhealthy situations are called “upstanders.” They play a critical role in the prevention of sexual and relationship violence. They are “individuals who observe violence or witness the conditions that perpetuate violence. They are not directly involved but have the choice to intervene, speak up, or do something about it.” We want to promote a culture of community accountability where bystanders are actively engaged in the prevention of violence without causing further harm. We may not always know what to do even if we want to help. Below is a list of some ways to be an upstander. Further information regarding bystander intervention may be found by contacting the CWU Office of Health Promotion ((<https://www.cwu.edu/student-life/health-wellness-services/wellness/index.php>)). If you or someone else is in immediate danger, dial 9-1-1. This could be when a person is yelling at or being physically abusive towards another and it is not safe for you to interrupt.

- Watch out for your friends and fellow students/employees. If you see someone who looks like they could be in trouble or need help, ask if they are OK.
- Confront people who seclude, hit on, try to make out with, or have sex with people who are incapacitated.
- Speak up when someone discusses plans to take sexual advantage of another person.
- Believe someone who discloses sexual assault, abusive behavior, or experience with stalking.
- Refer people to the resources listed in this document for support in health, counseling, or with legal assistance.



RISK REDUCTION

With no intent to victim-blame and recognizing that only abusers are responsible for their abuse, the following are some strategies to reduce one's risk of sexual assault or harassment (taken from Rape, Abuse, and Incest National Network, rainn.org)

- **Be aware** of your surroundings. Knowing where you are and who is around you may help you find a way to get out of a bad situation.
- Try to **avoid isolated areas**. It is more difficult to get help if no one is around.
- **Walk with purpose**. Even if you don't know where you are going, act like you do.
- **Trust your instincts**. If a situation or location feels unsafe or uncomfortable, it probably isn't the best place to be.
- **Try not to load yourself down** with packages or bags as this can make you appear more vulnerable.
- **Make sure your cellphone is with you** and charged and that you have cab money.
- **Don't allow yourself to be isolated** with someone you don't trust or someone you don't know.
- **Avoid putting music headphones in both ears** so that you can be more aware of your surroundings, especially if you are walking alone.
- **When you go to a social gathering, go with a group of friends**. Arrive together, check in with each other throughout the evening, and leave together. Knowing where you are and who is around you may help you to find a way out of a bad situation.
- **Trust your instincts**. If you feel unsafe in any situation, go with your gut. If you see something suspicious, contact law enforcement immediately (local authorities can be reached by calling 9-1-1 in most areas of the United States).
- **Don't leave your drink unattended** while talking, dancing, using the restroom, or making a phone call. If you've left your drink alone, just get a new one.
- **Don't accept drinks from people you don't know or trust**. If you choose to accept a drink, go with the person to the bar to order it, watch it being poured, and carry it yourself. At parties, don't drink from the punch bowls or other large, common open containers.
- **Watch out for your friends, and vice versa**. If a friend seems out of it, is way too intoxicated for the amount of alcohol they've had, or is acting out of character, get him or her to a safe place immediately.
- **If you suspect you or a friend has been drugged, contact law enforcement immediately (local authorities can be reached by calling 9-1-1 in most areas of the U.S.)**. Be explicit with doctors so they can give you the correct tests (you will need a urine test and possibly others).

If you need to get out of an uncomfortable or scary situation, here are some things you can try:

- **Remember that being in this situation is not your fault**. You did not do anything wrong; it is the person who is making you uncomfortable that is to blame.
- **Be true to yourself**. Don't feel obligated to do anything you don't want to do. "I don't want to" is always a good enough reason. Do what feels right to you and what you are comfortable with.
- **Have a code word with your friends or family** so that if you don't feel comfortable you can call them and communicate your discomfort without the person you are with knowing. Your friends or family can then come get you or make up an excuse for you to leave.
- **Lie**. If you don't want to hurt the person's feelings, it is better to lie and make up a reason to leave than to stay and be uncomfortable, scared, or worse. Some excuses you could use are needing to take care of a friend or family member, not feeling well, having somewhere else that you need to be, etc.

- **Try to think of an escape route.** How would you try to get out of the room? Where are the doors? Windows? Are there people around who might be able to help you? Is there an emergency phone nearby?
- **If you and/or the other person have been drinking,** you can say that you would rather wait until you both have your full judgment before doing anything you may regret later.

Feel empowered to assert your body autonomy:

- **Know your boundaries (physical, emotional, and material).** When you go into a situation knowing your boundaries, you are much less likely to accept boundary violations.
- **Communicate your boundaries.** Let the person know in advance what your boundaries are (e.g., “I want to make out with you, but I don’t want to go any further than that tonight.”)
- **Notice** when your boundaries are being violated.
- **Speak up!** Be kind, but assertive. (e.g., “I’m not comfortable with you touching me there.”)

DOMESTIC VIOLENCE, DATING VIOLENCE, SEXUAL ASSAULT, AND STALKING

Central Washington University is committed to preventing and will not tolerate any form of sexual violence, domestic violence, dating violence, or stalking. The university affirms respect, responsibility, and caring among all persons within the community. Toward that end, CWU issues this statement of policy to inform the campus community of our programs to address domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, and stalking as well as the procedures for institutional disciplinary action in cases of alleged dating violence, domestic violence, sexual assault, or stalking, which will be followed regardless of whether the incident occurs on or off campus when it is reported to a university official. Confidential support for victims of domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, and/or stalking is available at the Office of Health Promotion (<https://www.cwu.edu/student-life/health-wellness-services/wellness/index.php>).

FEDERAL CLERY ACT DEFINITIONS OF DOMESTIC VIOLENCE, DATING VIOLENCE, SEXUAL ASSAULT, AND STALKING

Sexual Assault: An offense that meets the definition of rape, fondling, incest, or statutory rape as used in the FBI’s Uniform Crime Reporting (UCR) program. Per the National Incident-Based Reporting System User Manual from the FBI UCR Program, a sex offense is “any sexual act directed against another person, without the consent of the victim, including instances where the victim is incapable of giving consent.”

Rape is defined as the penetration, no matter how slight, of the vagina or anus with any body part or object, or oral penetration by a sex organ of another person, without the consent of the victim.

Fondling is defined as the touching of the private parts of another person for the purposes of sexual gratification, without the consent of the victim, including instances where the victim is incapable of giving consent because of his/her age or because of his/her temporary or permanent mental incapacity.

Incest is defined as sexual intercourse between persons who are related to each other within the degrees wherein marriage is prohibited by law.

Statutory Rape is defined as sexual intercourse with a person who is under the statutory age of consent.

Domestic Violence: The term “domestic violence” includes felony or misdemeanor crimes of violence committed:

- By a current or former spouse or intimate partner of the victim;
- By a person with whom the victim shares a child in common;
- By a person who is cohabiting with, or has cohabited with, the victim as a spouse or intimate partner;
- By a person similarly situated to a spouse of the victim under the domestic or family violence laws of the jurisdiction in which the crime of violence occurred.
- By any other person against an adult or youth victim who is protected from that person’s acts under the domestic or family violence laws of the jurisdiction in which the crime of violence occurred.

Dating Violence: The term “dating violence” means violence committed: By a person who is or has been in a social relationship of a romantic or intimate nature with the victim. The existence of such a relationship shall be determined based on the reporting party’s statement and with consideration of the length of the relationship, the type of relationship, and the frequency of interaction between the persons involved in the relationship. For the purposes of this definition:

- Dating violence includes, but is not limited to, sexual or physical abuse or the threat of such abuse.
- Dating violence does not include acts covered under the definition of domestic violence.

Stalking: The term “stalking” means engaging in a course of conduct directed at a specific person that would cause a reasonable person to: a) fear for the person’s safety or the safety of others; or b) suffer substantial emotional distress. For the purposes of this definition, course of conduct means two or more acts, including, but not limited to, acts which the stalker directly, indirectly, or through third parties, by any action, method, device, or means follows, monitors, observes, surveils, threatens, or communicates to or about, a person, or interferes with a person’s property.

Reasonable Person means a reasonable person under similar circumstances and with similar identities to the victim.

Substantial Emotional Distress means significant mental suffering or anguish that may, but does not necessarily, require medical or other professional treatment or counseling.

For the purposes of complying with the requirements of this section and any incident meeting this definition is considered a crime for the purposes of Clery Act reporting.

Consent: The state of Washington defines consent in relation to sexual activity, as follows: Consent means that at the time of the act of sexual intercourse or sexual contact, there are actual words or conduct indicating freely given agreement to have sexual intercourse or sexual contact.

- It must be informed. Parties must be able to effectively communicate and agree on the type of sexual activities that will be shared. Either partner has the right to change his/her mind, at any time and is responsible for communicating that change to his/her partner.
- Either partner in a relationship may modify or terminate agreements at any time.
- Consent is a free choice if it has been granted without the use of force (real or imagined), threats, intimidation, coercion, or fraud.
- It is the responsibility of the person that initiates any type of sexual activity to obtain the other person’s consent.
- Consent to one type of sexual act does not imply consent to other forms of sexual activities.
- Silence, or a previous sexual relationship, or a present relationship with the person who initiates the sexual activity, should not be interpreted as consent.
- The way a person dresses does not imply consent for any form of sexual contact.
- Accepting an invitation for a meal or date is not consent, nor does it imply consent.
- Consent will not be effective when it is obtained from a person whose capacity to consent is diminished. Consumption of alcohol or drugs is never an excuse or justification for sexual assault. [CWU 701-02](#).

JURISDICTIONAL DEFINITIONS OF DOMESTIC VIOLENCE, DATING VIOLENCE, SEXUAL ASSAULT, AND STALKING

Domestic Violence [RCW 26.50.010](#): The State of Washington defines domestic violence as: Physical harm, bodily injury, assault, or the infliction of fear of imminent physical harm, bodily injury or assault, between family or household members; sexual assault of one family or household member by another; or stalking as defined in [RCW 9A.46.110](#) of one family or household member by another family or household member.

Dating Violence: The state of Washington does not have a definition of dating violence.

Sexual Assault: The state of Washington does not have a definition of sexual assault. However, the following are a list of sex offenses and definitions for the state that relate to rape, fondling, incest, and statutory rape:

Rape in the first degree [RCW 9A.44.040](#):

- 1) A person is guilty of rape in the first degree when such person engages in sexual intercourse with another person by forcible compulsion where the perpetrator or an accessory:
 - a) Uses or threatens to use a deadly weapon or what appears to be a deadly weapon; or
 - b) Kidnaps the victim; or
 - c) Inflicts serious physical injury, including but not limited to physical injury, which renders the victim unconscious; or
 - d) Feloniously enters into the building or vehicle where the victim is situated.
- 2) Rape in the first degree is a class A felony.

Rape in the second degree [RCW 9A.44.050](#):

- 1) A person is guilty of rape in the second degree when, under circumstances not constituting rape in the first degree, the person engages in sexual intercourse with another person:
 - a) By forcible compulsion;
 - b) When the victim is incapable of consent by reason of being physically helpless or mentally incapacitated;
 - c) When the victim is a person with a developmental disability and the perpetrator is a person who is not married to the victim and who:
 - i) Has supervisory authority over the victim; or
 - ii) Was providing transportation, within the course of his or her employment, to the victim at the time of the offense;
 - d) When the perpetrator is a health care provider, the victim is a client or patient, and the sexual intercourse occurs during a treatment session, consultation, interview, or examination. It is an affirmative defense that the defendant must prove by a preponderance of the evidence that the client or patient consented to the sexual intercourse with the knowledge that the sexual intercourse was not for the purpose of treatment;
 - e) When the victim is a resident of a facility for persons with a mental disorder or chemical dependency and the perpetrator is a person who is not married to the victim and has supervisory authority over the victim; or
 - f) When the victim is a frail elder or vulnerable adult, and the perpetrator is a person who is not married to the victim and who:
 - i) Has a significant relationship with the victim; or
 - ii) Was providing transportation, within the course of his or her employment, to the victim at the time of the offense.
- 2) Rape in the second degree is a class A felony.

Rape in the third degree [RCW 9A.44.060](#):

- 1) A person is guilty of rape in the third degree when, under circumstances not constituting rape in the first or second degrees, such person engages in sexual intercourse with another person:
 - a) Where the victim did not consent as defined in [RCW 9A.44.010 \(7\)](#), to sexual intercourse with the perpetrator; or
 - b) Where there is threat of substantial unlawful harm to property rights of the victim.
- 2) Rape in the third degree is a class C felony.

Stalking RCW 9a.46.110: The state of Washington defines stalking as follows: A person commits the crime of stalking if, without lawful authority and under circumstances not amounting to a felony attempt of another crime: He or she intentionally and repeatedly harasses or repeatedly follows another person; and the person being harassed or followed is placed in fear that the stalker intends to injure the person, another person, or property of the person or of another person. The feeling of fear must be one that a reasonable person in the same situation would experience under all the circumstances; and the stalker either: intends to frighten, intimidate, or harass the person; or knows or reasonably should know that the person is afraid, intimidated, or harassed even if the stalker did not intend to place the person in fear or intimidate or harass the person.

Rape of a child in the first degree RCW 9A.44.073:

- 1) A person is guilty of rape of a child in the first degree when the person has sexual intercourse with another who is less than 12 years old and not married to the perpetrator and the perpetrator is at least 24 months older than the victim.
- 2) Rape of a child in the first degree is a class A felony.

Rape of a child in the second degree RCW 9A.44.076:

- 1) A person is guilty of rape of a child in the second degree when the person has sexual intercourse with another who is at least 12 years old but less than 14 years old and not married to the perpetrator and the perpetrator is at least 36 months older than the victim.
- 2) Rape of a child in the second degree is a class A felony.

Rape of a child in the third degree RCW 9A.44.079:

- 1) A person is guilty of rape of a child in the third degree when the person has sexual intercourse with another who is at least 14 years old but less than sixteen years old and not married to the perpetrator and the perpetrator is at least 48 months older than the victim.
- 2) Rape of a child in the third degree is a class C felony.

Prevention, intervention, and education programs that address domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault and stalking are regularly sponsored by a variety of organizations at the university. CWU Student Health Services, Student Counseling Services, Diversity and Equity Center (DEC), Office of Wellness and Health Promotion, Housing and Residence Life, Office of Student Rights and Responsibilities and University Police and Public Safety present programs throughout the year for academic classes, in residence halls and other public forums where employees may attend. Education programs, information, and response regarding domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, and stalking are part of the safety talk presented to first-year students during opening weekend. Incoming new students are required to complete online educational (consent and bystander intervention) courses prior to coming to campus. This information is also shared during the emergency preparedness presentation that all employees must attend every two years.

PROCEDURES VICTIMS SHOULD FOLLOW IF A CRIME OF DOMESTIC VIOLENCE, DATING VIOLENCE, SEXUAL ASSAULT, OR STALKING OCCURS

The Office of Health Promotion has a team of professional staff who serve as the institution's Prevention, Advocacy, Training and Healing (PATH) team. The PATH team provides confidential support, resources, and education to students who experience domestic violence, dating violence, stalking, sexual assault, or harassment. More information about PATH services can be found at (<https://www.cwu.edu/student-life/health-wellness-services/wellness/index.php>).

If a domestic violence, dating violence, or sexual assault incident occurs, victims should consider seeking medical attention to address any physical affects (i.e., STI and pregnancy prevention and treatment) and inquire about a forensic evidence exam. The victim may request the medical facility to call a support person such as a family member, friend, or survivor advocate. If they would like to report the crime at this time, they should ask the facility personnel to call the police.

For medical and forensic evidence purposes, it is important not to shower, wash, or douche (wash or clean an area of the body) after the assault. It is also important to save unwashed clothing and any other evidence (weapons used/implied, notes, texts, or any social media posts) of the domestic violence, dating violence, or sexual assault incident. Kittitas Valley Hospital has Sexual Assault Nurse Examiners (SANE) who are trained specifically to support victims of violence and collect and package evidence, sometimes referred to as a "rape kit." There is no charge for a SANE exam that is done by a Sexual Assault Nurse Examiner.

As time passes, evidence may dissipate or become lost or unavailable, thereby making investigation, possible prosecution, disciplinary proceedings, or obtaining protection orders related to the incident more difficult. If a victim chooses not to make a complaint regarding an incident, they nevertheless should consider speaking with University Police and Public Safety or other law enforcement to preserve evidence in the event that the victim decides to report the incident to law enforcement or the university at a later date to assist in proving that the alleged criminal offense occurred or that may be helpful in obtaining a protection order.

Victims are encouraged to receive continued, confidential support from the PATH team in the Office of Health Promotion, Student Health Services, Student Counseling Services or other victim support agencies. All are able to provide support for the taking of a police report from the law enforcement agency with the appropriate jurisdiction. Support and counseling are available to students whether or not the incident occurred on campus.

REPORTING TO LAW ENFORCEMENT

Although reporting is not required, Central Washington University encourages all members of the campus community who believe they are victim of any crime including domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, or stalking to immediately report the incident to the police through 9-1-1. KITTCOM, the 9-1-1 center for Kittitas County, will ensure that the law enforcement agency with jurisdiction of the crime will be notified. Students and employees may also specifically request to have a CWU police officer contact them if they would like more information about reporting options, resources, or to help them identify the law enforcement agency with jurisdiction. The Office of Health Promotion can also assist victims in notifying University Police and Public Safety or other proper law enforcement authorities if the victim would like to. Victims have the right to decide whether or not to file a complaint and can decline to notify law enforcement. University Police and Public Safety may also be reached directly by calling 509-963-2959, or in person at 1211 N Wildcat Way. Additional information about University Police and Public Safety may be found at cwu.edu/police.

If the assault occurs in the residence halls or apartments, Housing and Residence Life and University Police and Public Safety may be contacted, as well as the PATH team in the Office of Health Promotion. Immediate reporting to the police is an important factor in successful investigation and prosecution of domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, and stalking cases. University Police and Public Safety will take your report in person, over the phone or anonymously.

Victims are not required to pursue prosecution just because they report a crime to a police agency. However, the reporting of domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, and stalking to the police agency may prevent others from being victims.

CWU and the University Police recognize that sexual assault, domestic violence, dating violence, and stalking are serious offenses. For this reason, the University Police and Public Safety Department have for many years published and distributed our commitment regarding how we will respond and assist anyone who has been victimized by sexual assault. Although the terminology in this commitment was updated in 2015, our unwavering dedication to prevention, response, investigation, and accountability has not changed.

If domestic violence, dating violence, or sexual assault should occur, victims should consider one or more of the following actions:

- Get to a safe place
- Obtain assistance or contact a trusted person
- Call 9-1-1
- Go to the emergency room, private doctor's office, or Student Health Services
- Contact Aspen Victim Advocacy Services, which has trained Advocates available 24 hours a day at 509-925-9384.
- Contact the CWU PATH team at 509-963-3213 or PATH@cwu.edu during business hours.

Aspen can provide medical advocacy, support groups, legal advocacy, information, and referrals. All services are free and confidential.

REPORTING TO THE UNIVERSITY

Reports of sexual misconduct to the University can be made through the *Concern and Support* online reporting form at [CWU Concern and Support Form](#). Any instance of sexual misconduct can also be reported to the Office of Civil Rights Compliance & Title IX at crc@cwu.edu or 509-963-2050. The Civil Rights Compliance & Title IX office will work with the reporting party and/or third-party reporter to discuss their rights, options, and resources, as well as the formal complaint process, investigative options, and resolution options if appropriate.

If a victim has a complaint about a non-student member of the university community, they should contact the Office Civil Rights Compliance and Title IX at crc@cwu.edu or 509-963-2050. Victims have the option of keeping their report of domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, and stalking in complete confidence, protecting their right to anonymity, when meeting with a confidential professional in the Office of Wellness and Health Promotion, Student Health or Counseling Services, and Aspen at 509-925-9384.

FURTHER ASSISTANCE

The university's highest concern is for the emotional and physical well-being of domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, and stalking victims and shall provide prompt, fair, and impartial investigation, and resolutions. Victims shall have access to the full complement of university services that can help them maintain emotional and psychological well-being and provide for their safety. These include assistance in changing arrangements for academic, living, transportation, and working situations if so requested by the victim and if such accommodations are reasonably available, regardless of whether the victim chooses to report the crime to a law enforcement agency. For additional resources, such as legal assistance, visa and immigration assistance, or any other services within the community, please contact the Office of Health Promotion.

If reasonably available, a victim may be offered changes to academic, living, working, protective measures, or transportation situations regardless of whether the victim chooses to report the crime to campus police or local law enforcement. Examples of options for a potential change to the academic situation may be to transfer to a different section of a class, withdraw and take a class at another time if there is no option for moving to a different section, etc. Potential changes to living situations may include moving to a different room or residence hall. Possible changes to work situations may include changing working hours. Possible changes in transportation may include having the student or employee park in a different location, assisting the student or employee with a safety escort.

For facilitating victim access to all needed services, contact the CWU Prevention Advocacy Training and Healing (PATH) team at 509-963-3213 or email PATH@cwu.edu. Other departments, if contacted first, can make a referral to PATH. [CWU 701-02](#). A student or employee who reports to CWU that the student or employee has been a victim of domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, or stalking, whether the offense occurred on- or off-campus shall be provided with a written explanation of the student or employee's rights and options. Such written information will include: the procedures victims should follow if a crime of dating violence, domestic violence, sexual assault or stalking has occurred; information about how the institution will protect the confidentiality of victims and other necessary parties; a statement that the institution will provide written notification to students and employees about victim services within the institution and in the community; a statement regarding the institution's provisions about options for, available assistance in, and how to request accommodations and protective measures; and an explanation of the procedures for institutional disciplinary action.

The Department of Civil Rights Compliance & Title IX Coordinator provides written notifications for students and employees of options that are available at the university as well as within the community. More information can be found at cwu.edu/student-rights/sexual-misconduct or by contacting the Department of Civil Rights Compliance at 509-963-2050. Other resources available to persons who report being the victim of sexual assault, domestic violence, dating violence, or stalking, include:

- Rape, Abuse, and Incest National Network (rainn.org)
- Department of Justice (justice.gov/ovw/sexual-assault)
- Department of Education, Office of Civil Rights (<https://www.ed.gov/about/ed-offices/ocr>)

CWU POLICE AND PARKING SERVICES COMMITMENT

Crimes of violence include sexual assault, date/acquaintance rape, and stalking. These are very serious concern of Central Washington University and our department. If you are a victim of a violent crime the CWU Police Department will guarantee the following:

- We will meet with you privately, at a time and place of your choosing, to take your report.
- We will NOT notify your parents without your consent.
- We will treat you and your case with courtesy, sensitivity, dignity, understanding and professionalism.
- With your approval we will arrange to have an advocate or friend present at the meeting.
- Our officers will NOT judge you and you will NOT be blamed for what occurred. We will assist you in arranging for any necessary medical or health treatment.
- We will assist you in privately contacting counseling and other available resources.
- We will assist you in obtaining emergency housing, if needed.
- We will continue to be available to answer your questions, to explain the system and process involved (prosecutor, courts, etc.), and to be a listening ear if you wish.
- We will fully investigate your case and will help you to achieve the best outcome. This may involve the arrest and full prosecution of the suspect responsible. You will be kept up to date on the progress of the investigation and/or prosecution.
- We will consider your case seriously, regardless of gender, ethnicity, sexual orientation, age, physical ability, or whether the assault is stranger, acquaintance, or alcohol related.

If you feel you are a victim of violence, call the CWU Police Department at 509-925-8534 (any time of day or night), to privately make a complaint.

Endorsed by:

Student Health and Counseling	509-963-1881
Office of Student Rights and Responsibilities	509-963-1515
Office of Health Promotion & PATH	509-963-3213

APPEAL TO THE PERSON)

the person" or "Against the person"

person instead of the argument

emise about the background, personality, or character of a person
s attempt to refute the person's claims

te the *argument itself*



DISCIPLINARY ACTION

When CWU policies prohibiting domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, stalking, and other offenses are violated, the university will pursue disciplinary action. Employee disciplinary procedures will be done in accordance with established CWU policies, collective bargaining agreements, and related rules and laws. Employees could receive discipline up to and including termination.

Student respondents will be subject to the Student Conduct Code Policy. This policy outlines the procedures to ensure that the process is orderly, not arbitrary, or capricious. If a student is found responsible for a violation by the preponderance of evidence, sanctions will be determined based on the students' previous conduct history and level of current offense. Sanctions may include educational sanction, residential reassignment, residential eviction, university or residential trespass, university no contact order, fine or restitution, internet access removal, parental notification, disciplinary probation, deferred suspension, disciplinary suspension, and/or disciplinary expulsion.

Procedures for institutional disciplinary action in cases of alleged domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, or stalking proceedings shall include prompt, fair, and impartial process from the initial investigation to the final result. In all instances, the process will be conducted in a manner that is consistent with the institution's policy and that is transparent to the complainant and the respondent. Usually, the resolution of domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, and stalking complaints are completed within 90 days of the report. However, each proceeding allows for extensions of timeframes for good cause with written notice to the complainant and the respondent of the delay and the reason for the delay. Proceedings are conducted by officials who receive annual training on the issues related to domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, stalking, how to conduct an investigation, and hearing process that protects the safety of victims and promotes accountability. Annual training received is provided by both internal trainings and external trainings through professional organizations. The trainings include information pertaining to institutional policy and procedure; best-practice guidance on Title IX and VAWA regulations; forensic experiential trauma-informed interviews, investigations, and practices; consent in sexual interactions; due process rights of parties; and sanctioning.

The complainant and the respondent are entitled to the same opportunities to have someone with them during an institutional disciplinary proceeding, including the opportunity to be accompanied to any related meeting or proceeding by an advisor of their choice; and both the complainant and the respondent shall be simultaneously informed in writing of the outcome of the institutional disciplinary proceeding that arises from an allegation of domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, or stalking. Both the complainant and the respondent can appeal the results of the disciplinary proceeding in cases involving domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, stalking, or other discrimination grievance procedures.

No victims of domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, or stalking shall be penalized or retaliated against in any way for their participation in the university's complaint process. Every effort will be made to eliminate any direct interaction between parties during a university hearing process. Supportive measures such as no contact orders can be imposed regardless of whether the reporting party wishes to move forward with a formal complaint.

Victims of domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, stalking, and other criminal acts have legal recourse outside the university, if they choose. Campus authorities will assist victims in notifying University Police and Public Safety or other proper law enforcement authorities. Victims have the right to decide whether or not to file a complaint.

Central Washington University will maintain as confidential any accommodations or protective measures provided to the victim, as allowed by law and when such confidentiality does not impair the ability of the institution to provide accommodations or protective measures.

Central Washington University will, upon written request, disclose to the alleged victim of a crime of violence or a non-forcible sex offense, the written report on the results of any disciplinary proceeding conducted by CWU against a student who is the alleged perpetrator of such crime or offense. If the alleged victim is deceased, as a result of such crime or offense, the next of kin of such victim shall be treated as the alleged victim for purposes of this statement.

MISSING STUDENTS

If there is reason to believe that a student is missing, 9-1-1 should be notified or those concerned should notify a university employee. That employee shall immediately contact 9-1-1 and University Police and Public Safety at 509-963-2959, or in person at 1211 N Wildcat Way, Ellensburg, Washington. If the student is missing from an off-campus location, University Police and Public Safety will determine the police agency of jurisdiction, immediately notify that agency, and provide any necessary information and aid as allowed by law. [CWU 601-08](#).

If the missing student is an on-campus resident, University Police and Public Safety will open an official investigation and serve as the primary investigative unit. The department will enter the information into the National Crime Information Center and Washington Crime Information Center. University Police and Public Safety will coordinate with Housing and Residence Life to make efforts to locate the student including conducting a welfare check of the student's room. Local law enforcement agencies will be notified to be on the lookout for the missing student.

Housing and Residence Life maintains emergency contact information on each individual that lives in on-campus housing. Students living in an on-campus student housing facility can identify a contact person or persons whom the institution shall notify if the student is determined missing by University Police and Public Safety. Students residing in campus housing will be informed annually that each student has the option to identify a person designated as a confidential missing person contact to be notified by CWU no later than 24 hours after the time the student is determined to be missing by the designated university officials authorized to make that determination (specifically, the University Police and Public Safety) or the local law enforcement agency in which the student went missing. This contact person might not be the same person they wish to be notified for other emergencies. When students are informed of their option to provide a confidential contact, they are advised that their contact information will be registered confidentially, and that this information will be accessible only to authorized campus officials and law enforcement and will not be disclosed outside of a missing person investigation. As with all of the emergency contact information, it will remain confidential, be accessible only to authorized campus officials and law enforcement and will not be disclosed outside of a missing person investigation. For all students who are under the age of 18 and not emancipated, a custodial parent or guardian will be notified when the student is missing, in addition to any additional contact person designated by the student. For all missing students, CWU will notify the local law enforcement agency within 24 hours of the determination that the student is missing, unless the local law enforcement agency was the entity that made the determination that the student is missing.

University Police and Public Safety will be responsible to determine that a student is missing. Once it is determined that a student has been missing for 24 hours, Central Washington University will notify the designated contact person within 24 hours. This does not prevent University Police and Public Safety from making a notification sooner, as the contact person might have valuable information in locating the missing student. If the student is under 18 years of age and is not emancipated, the student's custodial parent or guardian and any other designated contact person will be notified within 24 hours. Regardless of whether the student has identified a contact person, is above the age of 18, or is an emancipated minor, University Police and Public Safety will within 24 hours inform the local law enforcement agency that has jurisdiction in the area that the student is missing.

REGISTERED SEX OFFENDERS

In 1990, the Washington State Legislature passed the Community Protection Act requiring convicted sex offenders to provide the sheriff with certain information such as their name, work location, and home address. In the state of Washington, convicted sex offenders must register with their local sheriff's office, in accordance with the Revised Code of Washington Registration of Sex Offenders and Kidnapping Offenders. In part, the law requires a registered sex offender, who is an employee or student of an institution of higher education, to disclose that information to the local sheriff. The sheriff is required to promptly notify the institution of higher education. [CWU 601-08](#).

The Kittitas County Sheriff's Office monitors and registers sex offenders in Kittitas County. University Police and Public Safety is notified by the Kittitas County Sheriff's Office when a registered sex offender becomes a student or employee of CWU.

Registered sex offenders are categorized as Level I, Level II, or Level III offenders, depending on the severity of their offense and propensity of re-offending.

- **Level I—Low risk to the community**

The vast majority of registered sex offenders are classified as Level 1 offenders. They are considered at low risk to re-offend. These individuals may be first time offenders and they usually know their victims.

- **Level II—Moderate risk to the community**

Level 2 offenders have a moderate risk of re-offending. They generally have more than one victim and the abuse may be long term. These offenders usually groom their victims and may use threats to commit their crimes. These crimes may be predatory with the offender using a position of trust to commit their crimes. Typically, these individuals do not appreciate the damage they have done to their victims.

- **Level III—High risk to the community**

Level 3 offenders are considered to have a high risk to re-offend. They usually have one or more victims and may have committed prior crimes of violence. They may not know their victim(s).

For information about registered sex offenders in Kittitas County, go to these websites: www.co.kittitas.wa.us/sheriff/sex-offenders.aspx or waspc.org/sex-offender-information, or contact the Kittitas County Sheriff's Department, 307 West Umptanum Road, Ellensburg, Washington 98926, or call 509-962-7525.

DRUG AND ALCOHOL POLICY

The university's policy regarding the possession and consumption of alcohol and other drugs on campus has been developed in keeping with Washington state law and the governor's policy on alcoholism and drug dependency. To comply with the requirements of the drug-free schools and communities act and the drug-free workplace act, a complete description of the relevant laws, procedures, sanctions, and prevention information is available in the office of Vice President of Student Engagement and Success. [CWU 701-04](#).

University Police and Public Safety and other local law enforcement agencies actively enforce Washington state law on illicit drugs and alcohol possession, sale, use and distribution. In addition to normal patrol functions, local law enforcement agencies participate in grant funded and other programs that increase the presence of law enforcement with special emphasis on enforcing alcohol and drug violations. Enforcement action may include the formal arrest and booking into jail of offenders.

General Alcohol and Other Drug Statement—any violations, on or off campus, of state or federal law regarding alcohol or other drugs by students, staff, or faculty are grounds for disciplinary action. Furthermore, according to the Student Conduct Code, students may be subject to disciplinary action for any action that violates state or federal law.

Students violating laws may be referred to the Office of Student Rights and Responsibilities or Housing and Residence Life Community Standards for disciplinary action. Disciplinary action will range from educational courses or counseling session to expulsion depending on the severity and number of violations.

The Office of Wellness and Health Promotion is the primary campus location for alcohol and other drug education, prevention, and counseling. The Office of Wellness and Health Promotion offers curriculum such as Alcohol Skills Training Program (ASTP), which focuses on prevention of consequences related to high-risk alcohol use, as well as other online courses to better educate students regarding the health effects of cannabis and other drugs. Some additional programs the Office of Wellness and Health Promotion and University Police offer are:

- Alcohol and Cannabis e-CheckupToGo screenings
- First Six Weeks Programming with Housing and Residence Life
- Substance Use Recovery Documentary Screening
- Substance Free Late Night Fall Event

- Smoking Cessation Support for Students
- Bong Show
- Alcohol Awareness

For more information, call the Office of Wellness and Health Promotion at 509-963-3213 or the University Police and Public Safety at 509-963-2959.

DRUGS AND ALCOHOL

In compliance with the Safe and Drug-Free School and Communities Act, CWU implemented programs and a drug and alcohol policy to prevent the unlawful possession, use, or distribution of illicit drugs and alcohol by its students and employees on university-controlled property. A complete description of these topics, as provided in the university's annual notification to students and employees, is available online at: [drug-free-schools-and-campuses-notification-2023-2024.pdf](#). CWU follows federal law and does not permit the use of cannabis in any form on campus. Also, University Police enforce Washington state laws on illicit drugs and alcohol possession, sale, use, and distribution. Some of the common RCWs used but not limited to are:

- **66.44.270.1 Supplying Liquor to a Minor:** It is unlawful for any person to sell, give, or otherwise supply liquor to any person under the age of twenty-one years or permit any person under that age to consume liquor on his or her premises or on any premises under his or her control. For the purposes of this subsection, "premises" includes real property, houses, buildings, and other structures, and motor vehicles and watercraft. A violation of this subsection is a gross misdemeanor punishable as provided for in chapter [9A.20.010 RCW](#).
- **66.44.270.2A Minor Consuming Alcohol:** It is unlawful for any person under the age of 21 years to possess, consume, or otherwise acquire any liquor. A violation of this subsection is a gross misdemeanor punishable as provided for in chapter [9A.20.010 RCW](#).
- **66.44.270.2B Minor Consuming Alcohol:** It is unlawful for a person under the age of 21 years to be in a public place, or to be in a motor vehicle in a public place, while exhibiting the effects of having consumed liquor. For purposes of this subsection, exhibiting the effects of having consumed liquor means that a person has the odor of liquor on his or her breath and either: (i) Is in possession of or close proximity to a container that has or recently had liquor in it; or (ii) by speech, manner, appearance, behavior, lack of coordination, or otherwise, exhibits that he or she is under the influence of liquor. This subsection (2)(b) does not apply if the person is in the presence of a parent or guardian or has consumed or is consuming liquor under circumstances described in subsection (4), (5), or (7) of this section.
- **69.50.4014 Possession of Forty Grams or Less of Marijuana/Cannabis:** Except as provided in [RCW 69.50.401\(2\)\(c\)](#) or as otherwise authorized by this chapter, any person found guilty of possession of cannabis is guilty of a misdemeanor.

To read the full law (RCWs), please visit:

- apps.leg.wa.gov/rcw/default.aspx?cite=66.44.270
- app.leg.wa.gov/RCW/default.aspx?cite=69.50.4014

CAMPUS FIRE SAFETY REPORT

In accordance with the Higher Education Opportunity Act, Central Washington University publishes an annual fire safety report outlining fire safety practices, standards, and all fire related statistics for on-campus residential buildings.

Kittitas Valley Fire and Rescue (KVFR) provides fire protection to the CWU campus. The fire marshal of KVFR works closely with CWU Facilities Management, Housing and Residence Life, and Environmental Health and Safety to conduct annual, comprehensive fire inspections of CWU buildings.

REPORTING A FIRE

Reporting a fire is everyone's responsibility. All fires that present a risk to persons or property, both on- and off-campus, should be reported immediately to 9-1-1, KITTCOM. All fire personnel in the county are dispatched through KITTCOM, which serves as Kittitas County's emergency communications dispatch center.

Concerns or questions about fire that are not considered an emergency may be reported to KITTCOM at 509-925-8534, CWU Housing and Residence Life staff, designated building monitor, Facilities Management, Environmental Health and Safety, or University Police and Public Safety, which maintains a fire log. If a member of the CWU community finds evidence of a fire that has been extinguished, and the person is not sure whether University Police and Public Safety has already responded, the community member should immediately notify the University Police and Public Safety at 509-963-2959 to investigate and document the incident for disclosure in the university's annual fire statistics.

FIRE EVACUATION

All students, faculty, and staff should familiarize themselves with their surroundings and note the location of fire alarm pull stations, fire extinguishers, and evacuation routes. Everyone is required to evacuate the building when a fire alarm is sounded. Those refusing to cooperate during an alarm are subject to disciplinary and/or legal action.

If you hear the fire alarm, immediately evacuate the building using the nearest available exit. Do not attempt to fight a fire unless you have been trained to do so.

Awaken any sleeping roommate or suite mates. Prepare to evacuate by putting on shoes and coat if necessary. Feel the doorknob and the door. If they are hot, do not open the door. If they are cool, open slowly, if heat or heavy smoke rushes in, close the door immediately and remain inside.

When leaving your room, be sure to take your key in case it is necessary to return to the room should conditions in the corridor deteriorate. Make sure to close the door tightly when evacuating.

Residence Life staff members who are present on their floors should facilitate the evacuation of their floor/section if possible. When the alarm sounds, shout (Example: "there is an emergency in the building, leave by the nearest exit!") and knock on doors as they make their way to the nearest exit and out of the building.

When exiting in smoky conditions, keep your hand on the wall and crawl to the nearest exit. Always know more than one path out of your location and the number of doors between your room and the exit.

DO NOT USE ELEVATORS. Elevator shafts may fill with smoke, or the power may fail, leaving you trapped. Elevators have features that recall and deactivate the elevator during an alarm. Standing and waiting for an elevator wastes valuable time.

Each resident should report to their assigned assembly area. Residence Life staff should report to their assigned assembly area and make sure that students have cleared the building. Conduct a head count and do not allow re-entry into the building until directed to do so by emergency personnel.

PROCEDURES EMPLOYEES SHOULD FOLLOW IN THE EVENT OF A FIRE

- Contain the fire, if possible, by closing the door.
- Pull the fire alarm, if available.
- Keep your head low and move quickly to the nearest exit. Crawl, if you can, so you do not breathe smoke.
- Touch the door before opening it. Before touching the door handle, cover your hand for protection. Intense heat, deadly smoke, or gas may be on the other side. If the door is not hot, cautiously open it a few inches to check for heat, smoke, or flames on the other side. Keep your head out of the way while first opening the door and be ready to slam it shut if any heat or smoke rushes in.
- Do not waste time getting dressed, looking for keys, or gathering valuables.
- Leave the building using the nearest stairwell; do not use an elevator. Stay out of the building.
- Notify 9-1-1. If able, pull fire alarm, activate the blue light phone, and alert others.

FIRE ALARMS AND SAFETY EQUIPMENT

University buildings are equipped with various fire alarms and safety equipment such as extinguishers, smoke detectors, sprinkler systems, and emergency exits. Become familiar with the area you are occupying so in the event of an emergency you are quickly prepared to react and safely escape. Inspections for fire safety equipment are performed as prescribed by law and university policy.

Tampering with safety equipment such as smoke detectors may result in eviction, fine, disciplinary, and/or legal action.

Residence halls have smoke detectors and fire alarm pull stations, which most are professionally monitored 24/7. Residence halls have fire extinguishers in the hallways that are clearly marked and identifiable and some residence halls are equipped with sprinkler systems. Exit signs are considered fire equipment and are placed to guide residents to exit routes in emergency situations.

On-campus apartments are equipped with a fire extinguisher, and smoke alarms are located on the ceiling/wall in every apartment; learn where they are located. When the alarm is set off, it will make a loud, piercing sound. If the alarm beeps intermittently, the batteries need to be replaced. Please notify the apartment complex coordinator or apartment manager as soon as possible.

Never relocate the fire extinguisher. If the extinguisher is used to extinguish a fire, immediately notify Housing and Residence Life, and it will be replaced at no cost. The university inspects fire extinguishers twice a year, but tenants should periodically inspect the gauge to be certain the fire extinguisher is properly charged. If the needle indicates that it is undercharged or overcharged, call the apartment manager for a replacement. Legitimate fire alarms save lives. When activated, the alarm sounds in the entire building, and everyone must evacuate immediately. After activating an alarm, go to the nearest safe telephone (outside the building) and dial 9-1-1 to report the fire. Individuals falsely activating an alarm will face university disciplinary action, possible criminal prosecution, and may be charged for the cost of the fire department response, in addition to fines assessed by the university. Because of high-density population in the residence halls, the fire department responds to fire alarms with all available personnel and equipment. False alarms may leave the local fire department shorthanded in the event of a real fire.

FIRE DRILL AND EMERGENCY EVACUATION INFORMATION

Housing and Residence Life conducts fire drills in every residential hall each quarter. All residents are required to exit the building within two minutes. Housing and Residence Life has determined evacuation locations for each hall and posts emergency preparedness information in each hall. Each apartment tenant receives basic fire safety information and training each year.

HOUSING FIRE AND SAFETY STANDARDS

Housing and Residence Life policy prohibits combustible materials such as propane, gasoline, kerosene, and items containing combustible materials (i.e., lanterns) in residence halls and apartments. In addition, the use of incense, candles, or open flame is also prohibited in residence halls. In accordance with state law, smoking and vaping is prohibited in any building as well as balconies, catwalks, and stairwells.

Residence hall rooms are equipped with a combination microwave and refrigerator unit called a “micro-fridge.” Some residence halls have designated kitchens with stoves and ovens. Use of appliances such as hotplates, smokeless grills, toasters, toaster ovens, or appliances with exposed heating elements are not permitted within a residence hall room.

Adhere to all university fire protection and safety standards listed below:

- Do not keep highly flammable materials in your room or apartment.
- Keep all escape routes (entryways, hallways, or passageways) accessible.
- Do not use any appliances or electrical items that have frayed or damaged electrical wires.
- Keep all papers, boxes, cloth, electrical cords, and furniture at least three inches away from heaters.
- Do not burn candles.
- Do not smoke or vape in the apartment.
- Know your escape route.
- Train to recognize the alarm signal and how to respond.

Campus Residential Fire Safety education is an ongoing responsibility of Housing and Residence Life. All housing staff receive training in fire safety education during annual staff training in September.

PLANS FOR IMPROVEMENT TO FIRE SAFETY

Central Washington University is continuing to upgrade outdated life safety systems across academic buildings and residence halls.

FIRE LOG

Central Washington University maintains a fire log that records any fire that occurs in an on-campus student housing facility. The fire log includes the date the fire was reported, time, nature of the fire, and general location of each fire. Entries are made within two business days of the receipt of information. The fire log for the most recent 60-day period is open to public inspection during normal business hours (8 a.m. to 5 p.m., Monday through Friday) at the Department of University Police and Public Safety. Any portion of the log older than 60 days is available within two business days of a request for inspection. The fire log can be viewed online at <https://www.cwu.edu/about/offices/campus-safety/police/crime-logs.php>.

FIRE STATISTICS

Residence Facility	Fire Monitoring Done 24/7 by	Partial Sprinkler System	Full Sprinkler System	Smoke Detectors	Fire Extinguishers	# of Fires /Calendar Year
Alford Montgomery	Johnson Controls***	–	–	X	X	3
Anderson Apartments	Not Monitored	–	–	X	X	3
Barto Hall	Johnson Controls	–	X	X	X	3
Beck Hall	Johnson Controls	–	–	X	X	3
Brooklane Village Apartments A	Not Monitored	–	–	X	X	0
Brooklane Village Apartments B	Not Monitored	–	–	X	X	0
Brooklane Village Apartments C	Not Monitored	–	–	X	X	0
Brooklane Village Apartments D	Not Monitored	–	–	X	X	0
Brooklane Village Apartments E	Not Monitored	–	–	X	X	0
Brooklane Village Apartments F	Not Monitored	–	–	X	X	0
Brooklane Village Apartments G	Not Monitored	–	–	X	X	0
Brooklane Village Apartments H	Not Monitored	–	–	X	X	0
Brooklane Village Apartments I	Not Monitored	–	–	X	X	0
Brooklane Village Apartments J	Not Monitored	–	–	X	X	0
Brooklane Village Apartments K	Not Monitored	–	–	X	X	0
Brooklane Village Apartments L	Not Monitored	–	–	X	X	0
Brooklane Village Apartments M	Not Monitored	–	–	X	X	0
Carmody Munro Hall*	Johnson Controls	–	–	X	X	3
Davies Hall	Johnson Controls***	–	–	X	X	3
Dugmore Hall	Johnson Controls***	–	X	X	X	3
Getz-Short Apartments A	Not Monitored	–	–	X	X	0
Getz-Short Apartments B	Not Monitored	–	–	X	X	0
Getz-Short Apartments C	Not Monitored	–	–	X	X	0
Getz-Short Apartments D	Not Monitored	–	–	X	X	0
Getz-Short Apartments E	Not Monitored	–	–	X	X	0
Green Hall	Johnson Controls***	–	–	X	X	3
Hitchcock Hall	Johnson Controls	–	–	X	X	3
Kamola Hall	Johnson Controls	–	X	X	X	3
Kennedy Hall	Johnson Controls***	–	–	X	X	3
Meisner Hall	Johnson Controls***	–	–	X	X	3
Moore Hall	Johnson Controls***	–	–	X	X	3
Munson Retreat Center	Johnson Controls	–	X	X	X	3
North Hall	Johnson Controls***	–	–	X	X	3
Quigley Hall	Johnson Controls***	–	–	X	X	3

Residence Facility	Fire Monitoring Done 24/7 by	Partial Sprinkler System	Full Sprinkler System	Smoke Detectors	Fire Extinguishers	# of Fires /Calendar Year
Sparks Hall	Johnson Controls***	–	–	X	X	3
Stephens Whitney Hall	Johnson Controls***	–	–	X	X	3
Student Village Apartments A	Not Monitored	–	–	X	X	0
Student Village Apartments B	Not Monitored	–	–	X	X	0
Student Village Apartments C	Not Monitored	–	–	X	X	0
Student Village Apartments D	Not Monitored	–	–	X	X	0
Student Village Apartments E	Not Monitored	–	–	X	X	0
Student Village Apartments F	Not Monitored	–	–	X	X	0
Student Village Apartments G	Not Monitored	–	–	X	X	0
Student Village Apartments H	Not Monitored	–	–	X	X	0
Student Village Apartments I	Not Monitored	–	–	X	X	0
Sue Lombard Hall	Johnson Controls	–	X	X	X	3
Wahle Apartments 1-2	Not Monitored	–	–	X	X	0
Wahle Apartments 3-4	Not Monitored	–	–	X	X	0
Wahle Apartments 5-6	Not Monitored	–	–	X	X	0
Wahle Apartments 7-8	Not Monitored	–	–	X	X	0
Wahle Apartments 9-10	Not Monitored	–	–	X	X	0
Wahle Apartments 11-12	Not Monitored	–	–	X	X	0
Wahle Apartments 13-14	Not Monitored	–	–	X	X	0
Wahle Apartments 15-16	Not Monitored	–	–	X	X	0
Wahle Apartments 17-18	Not Monitored	–	–	X	X	0
Wahle Apartments 19-20	Not Monitored	–	–	X	X	0
Wahle Apartments 21-22	Not Monitored	–	–	X	X	0
Wahle Apartments 23-24	Not Monitored	–	–	X	X	0
Wahle Apartments 25-26	Not Monitored	–	–	X	X	0
Wahle Apartments 27-28	Not Monitored	–	–	X	X	0
Wahle Apartments 29-30	Not Monitored	–	–	X	X	0
Wahle Apartments 31-32	Not Monitored	–	–	X	X	0
Wahle Apartments 33-34	Not Monitored	–	–	X	X	0
Wahle Apartments 35-36	Not Monitored	–	–	X	X	0
Wahle Apartments 37-38	Not Monitored	–	–	X	X	0
Wahle Apartments 39-40	Not Monitored	–	–	X	X	0
Wahle Apartments 41-42	Not Monitored	–	–	X	X	0
Wahle Apartments 43-44	Not Monitored	–	–	X	X	0
Wahle Apartments 45-46	Not Monitored	–	–	X	X	0

Residence Facility	Fire Monitoring Done 24/7 by	Partial Sprinkler System	Full Sprinkler System	Smoke Detectors	Fire Extinguishers	# of Fires /Calendar Year
Wahle Apartments 47-48	Not Monitored	–	–	X	X	0
Wahle Apartments 49-50	Not Monitored	–	–	X	X	0
Wendell Hill A	Johnson Controls	–	X	X	X	3
Wendell Hill B	Johnson Controls	–	X	X	X	3
Wilson Hall	Johnson Controls***	–	–	X	X	3

* Partial Sprinkler System is defined as having sprinklers in the common areas only.

** Full Sprinkler System is defined as having sprinklers in both the common area and individual rooms.

*** Only Common Areas Monitored, Single station non-monitored smokes in individual rooms.

Central Washington University publishes, as part of the Clery Compliance and Fire Safety Report, annual statistics for the three most recent complete calendar years pertaining to on-campus student housing only. Those statistics include location, total number of fires in each building, date, time, general location, cause of the fire, number of injuries requiring treatment at a medical facility, number of deaths related to a fire, value of the property damage caused by the fire, and a unique case number. [CWU 601-08](#).

2023 FIRE STATISTICS

Residence Facility	Residence Address	Date	Time	Location	# of Fires	Cause of Fire	# of Injuries	# of Deaths	Cost of Property Damage	Case No.
Alford Montgomery	1505 N Alder St	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Anderson Apartments	1301 N Chestnut St	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Barto Hall	1202 N Chestnut St	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Beck Hall	801 E 11 th Ave	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Brooklane Village Apartments	1900 N Brooklane	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Carmody Munro Hall	1513 N Alder St	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Davies Hall	913 E 11 th Ave									
Dugmore Hall	401 E Dean Nicholson Blvd									
Getz-Short Apartments	702 N Ruby St	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Green Hall	1611 N Alder St	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Hitchcock Hall	807 E 11 th Ave	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Kamola Hall	501 E University Way	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Kennedy Hall	1605 N Alder St	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Meisner Hall	901 E 11 th Ave	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Moore Hall	1300 N Walnut St	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Munson Retreat Center	707 N Walnut St	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
North Hall	1104 N Walnut St	5/21	16:01	Men's restroom 1 st floor	1	Accidental	0	0	–	U23-1587
Quigley Hall	905 E 12 th Ave	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Sparks Hall	900 E 12 th Ave	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Stephens Whitney Hall	1200 N Walnut St	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Student Village Apartments	1501 N Alder St	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Sue Lombard Hall	601 E University Way	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Wahle Apartments	1601 N Walnut St	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Wendell Hill A	905 E Dean Nicholson Blvd	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Wendell Hill B	1401 N Alder St	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Wilson Hall	709 E 11 th Ave	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–

2024 FIRE STATISTICS

Residence Facility	Residence Address	Date	Time	Location	# of Fires	Cause of Fire	# of Injuries	# of Deaths	Cost of Property Damage	Case No.
Alford Montgomery	1505 N Alder St	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Anderson Apartments	1301 N Chestnut St	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Barto Hall	1202 N Chestnut St	10/19 /2024	22:59	1 st floor kitchen	1	Accidental	0	0	0	U24-3408
Beck Hall	801 E 11 th Ave	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Brooklane Village Apartments	1900 N Brooklane	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Carmody Munro Hall	1513 N Alder St	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Davies Hall	913 E 11 th Ave	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Dugmore Hall	401 E Dean Nicholson Blvd	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Getz-Short Apartments	702 N Ruby St	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Green Hall	1611 N Alder St	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Hitchcock Hall	807 E 11 th Ave	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Kamola Hall	501 E University Way	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Kennedy Hall	1605 N Alder St	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Meisner Hall	901 E 11 th Ave	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Moore Hall	1300 N Walnut St	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Munson Retreat Center	707 N Walnut St	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
North Hall	1104 N Walnut St	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Quigley Hall	905 E 12 th Ave	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Sparks Hall	900 E 12 th Ave	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Stephens Whitney Hall	1200 N Walnut St	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Student Village Apartments	1501 N Alder St	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Sue Lombard Hall	601 E University Way	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Wahle Apartments	1601 N Walnut St	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Wendell Hill A	905 E Dean Nicholson Blvd	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Wendell Hill B	1401 N Alder St	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Wilson Hall	709 E 11 th Ave	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–

2025 FIRE STATISTICS

Residence Facility	Residence Address	Date	Time	Location	# of Fires	Cause of Fire	# of Injuries	# of Deaths	Cost of Property Damage	Case No.
Alford Montgomery	1505 N Alder St	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Anderson Apts.	1301 N Chestnut St	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Barto Hall	1202 N Chestnut St	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Beck Hall	801 E 11 th Ave	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Brooklane Village Apts	1900 N Brooklane	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Carmody Munro Hall	1513 N Alder St	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Davies Hall	913 E 11 th Ave	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Dugmore Hall	401 E Dean Nicholson Blvd	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Getz-Short Apts.	702 N Ruby St	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Green Hall	1611 N Alder St	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Hitchcock Hall	807 E 11 th Ave	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Kamola Hall	501 E University Way	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Kennedy Hall	1605 N Alder St	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Meisner Hall	901 E 11 th Ave	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Moore Hall	1300 N Walnut St	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Munson Retreat Center	707 N Walnut St	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
North Hall	1104 N Walnut St	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Quigley Hall	905 E 12 th Ave	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Sparks Hall	900 E 12 th Ave	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Stephens Whitney Hall	1200 N Walnut St	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Student Village Apts.	1501 N Alder St	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Sue Lombard Hall	601 E University Way	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Wahle Apts.	1601 N Walnut St	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Wendell Hill A	905 E Dean Nicholson Blvd	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Wendell Hill B	1401 N Alder St	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Wilson Hall	709 E 11 th Ave	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—



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